Caledonian Mercury.

557

No. 12,109. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, THURSDAY, MAY 2. 1799. PRICE SIXPENCE.

Theatre-Royal.

For the BENEFIT of the
CHARITY WORK HOUSE OF CANONGATE.
This present THURSDAY, the 2d of May 1799,
Will be performed,
That Grand Historical Play, called,
THE SURRENDER OF CALAIS.
With the Farce of
THE FLITCH OF BACON.
Betwixt the Play and the Farce will be performed,
THE FANTOCCINI.

Tickets to be had of Mr William Hume, treasurer to said House; Baillie Andrew Clephan, Canongate. Also of Messrs Andrew and Alexander Boog, at their Ware-room, Netherbow. And places in the boxes to be taken of Mr Gibb, at the Theatre Royal.

On SATURDAY, will be presented, for the last time this Season,
THE CASTLE SPECTRE.
WITH
THE IRISHMAN IN LONDON.
FOR THE BENEFIT OF MR GIBBS,
The Office Keeper and Treasurer.
On WEDNESDAY, May 8,
Being the Last Night of performing here this Season, will be presented a Tragedy, called,
THE REGENT.
WITH
THE ITALIAN FANTOCCINI.
And FARCE as will be expressed in future advertisements.
Tickets—of Mr GIBBS, No. 4, St Anne's Street.

ROWLAND HILL.

Just published, price 2s. 6d. sold by J. Ogle, Parliament Square Edinburgh; M. Ogle, Wilson Street, Glasgow; and R. Ogle, No. 112, Gray's Inn Lane, London,

A TOUR THROUGH SCOTLAND, last Summer, by the above Gentleman; to which is added, his Remarks on the Established Church, and all the different Religious Parties in Scotland.

2. JOURNAL of a TOUR through the Northern Counties of Scotland, and Orkney Isles, by Messrs. Haldane, Aikman, and Rate, third edition, price 6d.

3. The FALL of BABYLON, or the Harmony between Prophecy and Providence, in the Rise, Duration, and Destruction of Antichrist, a Sermon, by W. Mosely 1s.

Where also may be had,

A Supplement to J. Ogle's Divinity Catalogue, containing a large collection of many scarce and valuable books, in the different branches of Theology. Gentlemen in the country will please order their carriers to call for Catalogues. Expected in a few days, the VOYAGE OF THE SHIP DUFF.

AN ARMOURER WANTED.

Wanted for the 7th, or Ayrshire North British Militia,

AN ARMOURER, who can be well recommended as to character and profession. He will be taken into the regiment as a substitute, and will receive a handsome bounty.—If he is deficient in tools, they will be supplied to him by the regiment.

Any person willing to serve in the above capacity may apply to the Commanding Officer of the regiment, at the present head-quarters, Linlithgow. *Edinburgh, April 29, 1799.*

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A STEADY PERSON as an ASSISTANT to an Apothecary and Druggist.

Letters, post paid, addressed to Mr Brumwell, Surgeon, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, will be duly attended to.

Not to be repeated.

A SCHOOLMASTER

WANTED at Whitsunday first, for the town and parish of Innerkeithing, qualified to teach in the most approved manner, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Navigation, Latin, and French.

Certificates of character will be expected.

Apply to the Magistrates, or to David Black, the Clerk of Innerkeithing.

STOLEN OR STRAYED,

A BROWN and WHITE SPANIEL DOG, which answers to the name of Rodney.—Whoever will bring him to No. 45. Queen Street, shall be handsomely rewarded.

CARDER WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A PERSON who has been regularly bred to the CARDING and SPINNING of TOW or COTTON is wanted immediately. His character for sobriety, attention, and knowledge of his business, must bear the strictest investigation. The wages 15s. a-week.

Application may be made to Robert Allan, Esq. Sun Fire Office, Edinburgh

N. B. One bred in the Tow line will be preferred.

CLOVER SEED AND LINT SEED.

WILLIAM ALLAN, Leith, has still on hand, a considerable quantity of RED and WHITE CLOVER SEED, which, on account of the late rise in England, he is enabled to sell below the present London prices. He has also a few hogsheads of DUTCH LINT SEED still remaining.

NEWCASTLE COALS.

ABOUT FOUR HUNDRED TONS BEST NEWCASTLE COALS to be sold in the Timber Bush.

Apply to John Kay. LEITH, April 27. 1799.

SALE OF FARM STOCK IN EAST LOTHIAN.

To be SOLD at Craigielaw, on Saturday the 18th of May 1799,

THE WHOLE STOCKING of that FARM, consisting of Work Horses, Milch Cows, and Young Cattle; also several Implements of Husbandry.

The roup to begin at 10 o'clock forenoon.

FOR QUEBEC,
THE FINE BRIG CONCORD,
Burden 240 tons,
RICHARD WILSON Master.
Apply to ADAM AND MATTHIE.
GREENOCK, 18th March 1799.

AT LEITH FOR PETERSBURGH,
THE NEW SHIP LADY FORBES,
Of 500 Tons Burthen,
Will sail with first convoy, about the 16th instant. For Freight or passage apply to Thomas Bishop, the master, or to the owners,
WM. SIBBALD & CO.

To be SOLD by public auction, for the Benefit of the Underwriters, in Mrs Hendry's, St Andrews, on Monday the 6th May, at twelve o'clock noon,

THE SLOOP TWO BROTHERS of MONTROSE, now in St Andrews harbour, after having received some damage in her bottom before entering said harbour; carries about 60 tons dead weight, is of an easy draught of water, sails fast, and is well found.

Stuart Grace, town clerk of St Andrews, will inform as to further particulars.

By Authority of the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty.

To be exposed to SALE by public roup, within the house of George Walker, vintner at Grangemouth, on Friday the 17th day of May current, at 12 o'clock noon,

ONE EIGHT SHARE of the LIGHTER the MANIE of Grangemouth, presently plying on the Canal betwixt Falkirk and Glasgow.

The articles of roup to be seen in the hands of Mr Edward Young, solicitor at law, Edinburgh, or at the place of sale.

N. B. The Lighter will be in the Harbour of Grangemouth on the day of the sale.

NEW GENERAL ATLAS.

On Monday first will be Published,
By THOMAS BROWN, No. 1. North Bridge Street,
Price 4s. finely Coloured, or 3s. Uncoloured,
THE FIRST NUMBER OF
AN ENTIRE NEW ATLAS,
Or Complete Set of Maps of all the Countries in the known World, taken from the latest and most approved authorities.

THE FIRST NUMBER WILL CONTAIN MAPS OF

EUROPE,	HINDOSTAN or EAST INDIES,—and
GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND,	IRELAND.

*** T. B. takes the liberty of calling the attention of the Public to the above work; he flatters himself that, for neatness and accuracy, it will be found at least equal to any thing of the kind ever produced; the size is portable and convenient; but as specimens may now be seen at his shop, he thinks it superfluous to say any thing farther; let the public examine and judge.

The MAPS will be sold SINGLY at 1s. 6d. each.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT ALLOA.

To be Sold by auction by WM. BRUCE, on Tuesday the 7th of May curt.

THE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE which belonged to the late PHILIP LOCH, Esq. Collector of the Customs at Alloa, consisting of Dining-room, Drawing-room, Bed-chamber, and Kitchen Furniture. Likewise Bed and Table Linen, and Silver Plate.

To be viewed every lawful day betwixt and the day of sale, from 11 to 4 o'clock.

The sale to begin each day at 11 o'clock forenoon.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

To be Sold by auction by WM. BRUCE, on Friday the 10th of May curt. at Campie House, by Musselburgh,

THE FURNITURE of said House, which is fashionable, and as good as new, consisting of Dining-room, Drawing-room, Bed-chamber, and Kitchen Furniture. As also a good MILCH COW.

To be viewed every lawful day, betwixt and the day of sale from 11 to 4 o'clock.

The sale to begin each day at 11 o'clock forenoon.

HOUSE IN ST ANDREW'S SQUARE.

To be SOLD, by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse of Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 16th of May current, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon, if not previously disposed of by private bargain,

THAT COMMODIOUS HOUSE, situated on the south west corner of St Andrew's Square, and entering from South St David's Street, the property of Mr David Hume, advocate, with the Back Ground or Open Area to St David's Street, coach house, water pipe, and stable for three horses pertaining thereto; all substantially finished, and in good condition.

The term of entry to be at Whitsunday next. The house to be seen every day from eleven to one o'clock.

For farther particulars apply to the proprietor, or to Mr John Home, writer to the signet, No. 6, South St David's Street.

ALSO—To be LET, and entered to at Whitsunday next, A DOUBLE COACH HOUSE AND STABLE FOR FIVE HORSES, pertaining to, and situated at the back of the house, No. 21, on the north side of George Street.

Enquire as above.

LODGING TO SELL.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon the 10th day June next, betwixt the hours of twelve and one forenoon,

THAT Large LODGING or TENEMENT of LAND, lying on the East Side of the HORSE WYND, all within itself, entering from the wynd, and also from the Cowgate by the first close there immediately below the said wynd, consisting of three stories or flats, and containing seven rooms, kitchen, closets, garrets, and other conveniencies, built by the deceased Alexander Peter, wright in Edinburgh, and lately possessed by John Mathie, cabinet-maker there.

Those wishing to purchase will please make their offer in writing to Patrick Russell, W. S. Argyle Square, who will inform as to particulars.

To be Sold by auction, on Monday, May 13, 1799, at PANMURE, in the County of Forfar, Scotland,

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE STUD, viz.

STALLION.

LOT I. SCORPION, by Ilmio out of Nutcracker by Matchem. For performances, &c. *vide* the Racing Calander. He is perfectly sound and fresh, and a sure foal-getter.

BROOD MARES.

LOT II. TIPSEY, (own sister to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales's Countryman), with a colt-foal at her foot by Scorpion, (engaged in a produce stakes at Air in 1802, 100 guineas each h. ft. 3 subscribers) and covered by him again.

LOT III. ISALINE, (bred by the Duke of Bedford), got by Volunteer out of Nettletop with a coalt foal at her foot by Scorpion, and covered by him again.

LOT IV. A BROWN MARE by Highflyer, dam by Snap Lord Oxford's Barb, Bartlets Childers, &c. with a filly foal at her foot by Scorpion, (engaged in a produce stakes at Air in 1802, 100 guineas each h. ft. 2 subscribers, and in a produce stakes at Montrose in 1802, 100 guineas each h. ft. 2 subscribers), and cover'd by him again.

LOT V. LADY ANN, got by Phenomenon, dam by Young Marske, with a filly foal at her foot by D'iulphia (a very fine black Arabian of the true Cochlanic race), and covered by him again.

LOT VI. A Black Mare by Snap out of Phœnix by Matchem, covered by Scorpion.

LOT VII. A Bay Filly, 4 years old (unbroke), by Escape, out of Lot 2, covered by Scorpion.

LOT VIII. A Bay Filly, 4 years old, by Vertumnus out of Lot 4, covered by Scorpion.

IN TRAINING.

LOT IX. SANDGLASS, 4 years old, by Scorpion out of Master Robert's dam, engaged at Montrose 1799, carrying 7 st. 8 lb. against Mr Hunter's colt O'Connor, 7 st. 10 lb. 4 miles, 50 guines each, p. p. And at Ayr, 1799, against Mr Oswald's grey filly, by Sir Andrew, 8 st. 2 lb. each, 2 miles, 100 guineas each, h. ft.

LOT X. PATCHWORK, a Bay Filly, 3 years old, by Coriander, out of Lot 4. Engaged in a sweepstakes at Dumfries, 1799, colts 8 st. fillies, 7 st. 12 lb. Two miles, 100 guineas each, h. ft. 3 subscribers.

LOT XI. SIR JOHN, a Black Colt, 3 years old, by Star, out of Lot 6.

N. B. This Colt is qualified to run for the Aberdeen home-bred plate.

LOT XII. A Bay Filly, by Star, 3 years old, out of Lot 2.

LOT XIII. A Bay Filly, by Star, 3 years old, out of Lot 3.

ALL THE FOLLOWING UNBROKE.

Two Year Olds.

LOT XIV. A Brown Colt by Scorpion, out of Master Robert's dam. Engaged at Montrose on Saturday of the Race week 1801, carrying 8 st. 1 lb. against Mr Graham's Bay Colt by Chanticleer, out of Harmony, 8 st. four miles, 100 guineas each, 25 ft.

LOT XV. A Bay Colt by Scorpion, out of Lot 5.

LOT XVI. A Black Colt by Scorpion, out of Lot 6.

LOT XVII. A Brown Filly by Scorpion, out of Lot 3.

Year Olds.

LOT XVIII. A Brown Filly by Scorpion, out of Lot 5.

LOT XIX. A Bay Filly by Scorpion, out of Lot 3.

LOT XX. A Grey Filly by Scorpion, out of Lot 2.

At the same time there will be sold several other LOTS of different kinds.

N. B. The above Stock is positively to be sold off without reserve, and is well worth the attention of every Sportsman. Farther particulars may be had by applying to Alexander White Stud-groom at Panmure.

The Sale to begin at 11 o'clock forenoon. Credit will be given on proper security.

1799.

THE IRISH STATE LOTTERY begins drawing the 23d of July.

No. of Prizes.	SCHEME. Value of each.	Total Value.
3 of	L.10,000	L.30,000
3 —	5,000	15,000
4 —	2,000	8,000
5 —	1,000	5,000
10 —	500	5,000
30 —	100	3,000
60 —	50	3,000
8,000 —	10	80,000
8,115 Prizes.		L.149,000
First-drawn ticket		500
Ditto, last morning		500
21,885 Blanks.		
30,000 Tickets.		L.150,000

Part of the capital prizes will be determined as under, viz.

First-drawn 19th day	L. 2000
Do. 21st day	5000
Do. 23d day	10,000

TICKETS and SHARES Are now selling at every Licensed Office, and the prizes will be paid as usual on demand.

Persons in the country remitting Post-Office orders, cash by the mail or stage-coachmen, to any Lottery Office of credit, will have tickets or shares sent them on the same terms as if personally present.

Prices, April 26.

Tickets—L. 7 14 0

Half	L. 3 19 0	Eighth	L. 1 10
Fourth	2 10	Sixteenth	0 11 0

SHOP BREAKING AND THEFT,

WITH A

REWARD OF TWO HUNDRED POUNDS STERLING FOR A DISCOVERY.

WHEREAS the Shop of William and Patrick Cunninghams, Goldsmiths and Jewellers in Edinburgh, has been broke into during this last night, and SILVER PLATE of various kinds, stolen and abstracted to a very considerable amount, such as several dozen of Silver Table Spoons, some of which in the rough; Tea Plate of various kinds, Rings, Lockets, and other Jewellery; besides about forty ounces of Rolled Silver, several ounces of Gold, chiefly in foreign coin, with a considerable number of Diamonds and Pearls unset; also THREE GOLD WATCHES, one whereof a Repeater, pretty large, the outer case quite plain, and the *bottom* of it perfectly new, name on the Dial-plate *Medge, London*; the two cases apparently of British workmanship, but the movement supposed to be made abroad; the words *Avance et Retarde* upon the regulator. The Watch is capped and jewelled, and on the left side of the inner case there is a small knob, which being pushed aside, prevents the bell from sounding.—In all worth upwards of 800l. Sterling.

In order to obtain a discovery in the premisses, the Lord Provost of Edinburgh, the Sheriff of the county of Edinburgh, and the Incorporation of Goldsmiths of Edinburgh, hereby unite in offering a reward of 200l. Sterling to any person or persons who will, within six months from this date, give such information to William Scot, Procurator-fiscal of the county of Edinburgh as shall lead to a discovery of the offender or offenders; to be paid on conviction.

N. B. The reward will be given to any of the accomplices who shall give the above information.

WHITEHALL, April 23. 1799.

His Majesty, for the better apprehending and bringing to justice the persons concerned in the above robbery, has been pleased to offer his most gracious pardon to any one of them who shall discover his or her accomplice or accomplices therein, so that he, she, or they may be convicted thereof.

PORTLAND.

*** Those who committed the robbery, left behind them a Cooper's Adze, and Former of a small size, with a piece of old rope, similar to part of a horse halter.

Edinburgh, 13th April 1799.

BUILDING AREAS,

In Blair Street and Robertson's Close.

To be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within the High Justiciary Court Room, on Wednesday the 8th day of May curt. at five o'clock afternoon,

THE VACANT AREA on the west side of Blair Street, containing in whole about 122 feet in front along Blair Street, extending on the north end, and next to the tenement built by Mr Thomas Hay, surgeon, west to Stevenlaw's Close, and comprehending a Tenement entering from said Close, and the remainder being about forty-five feet deep, and bounded on the south by the tenement built by Mr William Jameson, mason, and Bruce's Land.

If the above area does not sell in one lot, it will be divided into the three following lots—viz.

LOT I.—That PART of said AREA lying next to the tenement built by the said Mr Thomas Hay, by which it is bounded on the north, consisting of about forty feet eight inches in front along Blair Street, and extending in depth all the way west to Stevenlaw's Close, and comprehending therein the Tenement above mentioned, entering from said close, by which it is bounded on the west, and by lot 2d, after described, on the south.

LOT II.—That PART of said AREA lying immediately to the south of lot 1st, consisting also of about forty feet eight inches in front along Blair Street, and about forty-five feet deep, and bounded by lot 1st, above described, on the north, and lot 3d, after mentioned, on the south.

LOT III.—Being the remaining Part of said AREA, lying immediately to the south of Lot 2d, and bounded by said Lot on the north, and by the tenement built by Mr Jameson, and Bruce's Land on the South, consisting also of about 40 feet 8 inches in front along Blair's Street, and about 45 feet deep.

ALSO,

To be Sold at the same time and place,

That Large AREA, lying on the west side of Robertson's Close, opposite to the Royal Infirmary, and between Auchterlony's Land, next College Street on the south, and Aitken's Land next to the Cowgate, on the north, with the Materials of the Old Houses standing thereon, consisting of about 110 feet 6 inches, from south to north, and part of it being about 30 feet, and the remainder about 27 feet in depth from east to west, as laid down on a plan thereof.

This Area also, if not sold in whole, will be exposed in the two following Lots, viz.

LOT I.—The Southmost Part of said AREA, bounded by Auchterlony's Land on the south, and Lot 2d, after described, on the north, consisting, as delineated on the before mentioned plan, of about 42 feet in length of front to Robertson's Close, and about 30 feet in depth.

LOT II.—The remaining part of said AREA, bounded by Lot 1st on the south, and Aitken's Land on the north, consisting of about 68 feet 6 inches in length, and about 27 feet deep, also as delineated on the before-mentioned plan.

The purchasers of each of these two last mentioned Lots will have right to the houses and buildings now standing thereon respectively.

The Plan of the Area in Robertson's Close, which would make a most eligible situation for a Manufacturer, with the Articles of Roup of the whole, lie in the hands of Alexander Cuningham, writer to the signet, where they may be seen, and who will give such further information of particulars as may be wanted by intending purchasers.

PROPERTY IN LEITH FOR SALE.

THAT Extensive PROPERTY, lying on the South Side of ST BERNARD STREET, LEITH, near the Weighhouse, within 100 yards of the harbour, consisting of several large dwelling-houses, lofts, cellars, and warehouses, a range of stables, with a malt-barn and kiln, a large open area, and an excellent spring-well in the back court.

The premisses extend in front about 122 feet along St Bernard Street, and about 180 feet backwards, with an entry from the street, and another by a back lane.

The extent and situation of the premises, in the principal street, its vicinity to the shore, and sundry other advantages, render the same an eligible purchase. It is perhaps superior to any in Leith, and rarely to be met with.

These subjects are held feu of the City of Edinburgh, for payment of 5d. Sterling of yearly feu-duty.

Mr Philip, innkeeper on the premises, will show the same.

Mr Brunton, Carron Warehouse, Leith, or Mr Baxter, slater and glazier, East Register Street, Edinburgh, will treat with intending purchasers.

NOVELTY AND ELEGANCE.

ARCHIBALD GIBSON has the honour of acquainting the LADIES, That he has just returned from London, where he has purchased a most Beautiful Choice of every thing New the Fashions have produced for the Season.

A. G. begs leave particularly to recommend his Assortment of Printed CALICOES and MUSLINS, Patent Net CLOAKS, VAILS, and LACES, Straw and Fancy HATS and BONNETS, FLOWERS, &c. &c. which, for novelty and elegance of stile, and variety of patterns, are very seldom to be met with.

Real India Square Shawls.
Dollman's Beaver Hats, entire new shapes.
London-made Shoes, Slippers, &c. &c.
South Bridge Street.

LAURIESTON DISTRICT.

THE Proprietors and Inhabitants of the District of LAURIESTON and TEVIOT-ROW, are desired to meet in Mr Hogg's Inn, Bristo Street, on Tuesday next, the 7th curt. at one o'clock, in order to choose Commissioners and Collector for the year ensuing. LAURIESTON, MAY 1. 1799.

CANAL STOCK.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

TEN SHARES of the CAPITAL STOCK of the Forth and Clyde Canal Company.

For particulars apply to A. M. Guthrie, and Andrew Storie, W.S. No. 27. North Frederick Street.

FURNISHED HOUSE AND GARDEN.

To be LET for the Season, and entered to immediately.

THE HOUSE and GARDEN to the west of the village of Corstorphin, lately possessed by Mr John Dunmure. The House consists of a kitchen, and six rooms, with many conveniencies, and completely furnished;—the Garden pretty extensive, with a little pleasure ground, and a small Park if required.

For particulars inquire of David Johnston, brewer at Corstorphin.

TO LET FURNISHED,

A DELIGHTFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE.

THE HOUSE of KINNAIRD, situated on the Banks of the Tay, about five miles above Dunkeld. The post to and from Taymouth passes the house every day; there is excellent fishing, and the estate abounds with game of all sorts.

For particulars inquire at Mr Stewart, Dowally, by Dunkeld, or Mr Brett, Edinburgh.

SCHWEPPE'S ARTIFICIAL MINERAL WATERS,

ALKALINE MEPHITIC WATERS,

Prepared by J. SCHWEPPE and Co. London, recommended and proportioned by Dr PEARSON.

FROM the very great and extensive sale of these waters in London to almost the whole Nobility, the Proprietors are emboldened to recommend their efficacy in the strongest terms, as being productive of the happiest effects in bilious complaints, in nervous affections, in assisting the tone of the stomach, in invigorating the general system, and exalting the spirits; even in the gout, stone, and gravel, many have been cured by them.

Seltzer Water	} 6s. per doz. pint bottles.
Acidulous Soda Water, single	
Acidulous Soda Water, double	6s. 6d. ditto ditto.
Acidulous Soda Water, triple	7s. ditto ditto.

Allowance made for bottles returned, 1s. 3d. per dozen.

Sold no where else in Edinburgh, but by George Swan High Street.

TO SELL, OR LET.

THE LODGE ROOM, at the foot of Carubber's Close, which has for many years been possessed by the Thistle Lodge.

Apply to James Gibson, W. S.

MAHOGANY FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, upon Thursday the 9th day of May 1799,

ABOUT Fifty Logs of HONDURAS MAHOGANY, viz. Nineteen Logs lying in the Royal Close of Port Glasgow, and Thirty Logs lying in the Royal Close of Greenock.

The sale to begin at Port Glasgow at eleven o'clock forenoon, and at Greenock about one o'clock afternoon.

To be put up in lots to suit the convenience of purchasers.

R. WILLIAMSON.

Who has for Private Sale Two Hundred Barrels AMERICAN PITCH and TAR, and One Hundred Tierces IRISH MESS BEEF.

DESERTED

From the Ross and Cromarty Rangers Head Quarters, Forres, April 14. 1799,

WILLIAM JESSIMINE, aged 23 years, 5 feet 7½ inches high, fair haired, creepy hair complexion, blue eyes, much pitted with the small pox, and a good deal footed with farntickies, short nose turned up—had on when he left head-quarters a blue long coat, blue pantaloons, with half-boots, white vest, and a round hat. He was born in the parish of Huntly, county of Aberdeen, where his father now resides. He stiled himself a farmer in his attestation, but had only left the service of Mrs General Douglas, at Edinburgh, very lately, where he was in the capacity of a postillion. The Public are cautioned, that the above William Jessimine was employed in recruiting for the said regiment prior to his joining at head quarters; and that they may not be imposed upon by his having a beating order in his possession are hereby informed, that he is no longer employed in that service.

Any person or persons who will apprehend the said William Jessimine, and lodge him in any of his Majesty's jails, will have TWO GUINEAS reward over and above the usual allowance for apprehending deserters, by applying to Mr Mason, Recruiting Officer, Edinburgh, or the Commanding Officer at Forres.

DESERTED,

On the 30th April 1799, from a party of the Reay Highlanders, at Edinburgh,

JOHN IRVINE, aged 22 years, 5 feet 4 inches high, fair complexion, blue eyes, brown hair, large whiskers, by trade a watchmaker—had on when he went off a dark blue coat, brown striped swandown vest, corduroy breeches, a round hat, and a large black silk handkerchief round his neck—said he was born in the parish of Blackburn, county of Linlithgow. Deserted also at same time,

JOHN M'DONALD, aged 19 years, 5 feet 5 inches, fair complexion, blue eyes, dark brown long hair, stout made—had on when he went away a dark blue coat, striped swandown vest, a piece cut out of the vest under the right arm-pit, and half-boots, wants a small part of one of his forefingers.

Any person apprehending the above deserters, and lodging them in any of his Majesty's jails, shall receive a reward of TWO GUINEAS, over and above his Majesty's bounty for apprehending deserters, by applying to Captain George Hunter, at Mr M'Farlane's, Canongate, Edinburgh, or at Knows, near Dunbar.

COUNTY OF BERWICK.

FOULDEN WEST MAINS & WHITECORNLEES,

To be LET for such a number of years as shall be agreed upon and entered to at Whitsunday 1800.

THIS Farm consists of 716 acres, great part of which are of a most substantial soil, fit for heavy crops of Wheat, Clover, or rich Pasture; the remainder is well suited to the Turnip Husbandry.

To the east of the Berwick road, which runs through the middle of the farm, there is a command of water for working a threshing machine; and on the south, the lands are bounded for upwards of a mile by the water of Whitadder. From the falls in that river, mills or other machinery may be erected.

This farm is distant six miles from Berwick and eight from Dunse. The public roads leading to these towns, and to all parts of the adjacent country, pass through the lands, in directions which give easy access to markets, lime, and coal.

Proposals in writing, containing the conditions with regard to the number and extent of additional buildings and additional inclosing required, to be made to George Baillie, Esq. of Jerviswood, the proprietor, or to Henry Swan, at Kello, his factor,—*on or before the 1st of June next, when the Farm will be Let.*

Mr Thomson, the tenant at Foulden Mains, will send a person to shew the marches.

London

APRIL 27.

Private letters from St Petersburgh, dated 3d inſtant, ſtate, that, on the 21ſt ultimo, the Emperor of Ruſſia ſigned the following edict, which was publiſhed a few days after:

"Whereas, we have remarked for ſome time paſt in the Government of Hamburgh a diſpoſition for the principles of anarchy, and an attachment to the forms of the French Government, which are deſtructive of all legitimate power; we order that an embargo ſhall be laid upon all the Hamburgh veſſels in our ports, and which belong to Hamburgh ſubjects; and we alſo order that a return ſhall be made to us of the number of the ſaid veſſels, which are in each of our ports.

"Given at St Petersburgh, March 21, 1799. PAUL."

This edict is certainly a very extraordinary one, and is ſaid to have originated in its being underſtood by his Imperial Majeſty, that the Hamburgheſe ſupplied the French with warlike ſtores and cloathing. It was yeſterday reported, that this embargo alſo extended to Pruſſian veſſels, in order to bring his Pruſſian Majeſty to ſome final determination reſpecting his joining the coalition againſt France, but this probably is unfounded.

By diſpatches received on Thurſday from Sir Morton Eden, at Vienna, the following particulars of the important events that have recently taken place in Italy are made known:—

Prior to the action of the 5th inſtant, which terminated in the complete defeat of the grand army of the French in Italy, a very ſevere battle was fought on the 3d, which the Paris papers have been careful not to notice. On that day the French were driven from the Adige to the Po, into which they threw a great part of their ammunition, to prevent its falling into the hands of the Auſtrians. A great many of the French gunboats on the Po were taken.

The dead before Mantua were ſo numerous, that General Scherer ſent a trumpeter to General Kray to deſire twenty-four hours ceſſation of hoſtilities to bury them. General Kray granted only 12 hours, but two hours before the term expired, the French renewed the attack.

Early on the morning of the 5th inſtant, the Auſtrians marched in three columns to attack the enemy's camp at Magnian. On their way they were met by the French, who had brought all their forces out of Mantua. They marched in ſeven diviſions, and the action became general along the line. Victory remained ſome time doubtful, the poſts were ſeveral times taken and retaken in the courſe of the day. At length the Auſtrians ſtormed the French camp at Magnian, took 2000 priſoners, 7 ſtandards, 11 pieces of cannon, and 30 ammunition waggons fully laden. General Kray ſtates, that the number of the enemy killed was beyond all former precedent. The Auſtrians loſt 2000 in killed and wounded; among the latter are General Mercandin, Major Generals Schovatchovitz and Roos, and Colonels Guilay and Poſtrochoſsky.

The official advices from Egypt ſtate, that the army of Egypt is extremely reduced by epidemic diſeaſes. Buonaparte is himſelf at Cairo. The plague has deſtroyed a great part of the garriſon of Alexandria.

The number of gentlemen on board the Eaſt India ſhips, proceeding to their duty, will not admit of an individual, not immediately in the ſervice, getting a paſſage, and ſeveral have been obliged to proceed in bye ſhips. The commanders of the Company's ſhips will therefore have a very valuable outward freight.

Wedneſday the Venerable of 74 guns, Capt. Sir W. G. Fairfax, ſailed from Portſmouth to join the Channel fleet.

Laſt month three ſhips of the line were launched at Peterſburgh in preſence of their Imperial Majeſties. Two of them carry 66 guns each, and one mounts 180.

The Batavian Directory has decreed that every ſeaman belonging to the merchants ſhipping in that republic, ſhall be placed in a ſtate of requiſition.

The agent of the Marine at Bruſſells has been ordered to enrol the names of all the watermen in that quarter, from the age of 18 to 50 years, and to keep them in readineſs to act as occaſion may require.

The editors of ſeveral papers having read in the accounts received from the Continent, that if the Archduke ſhould paſs the Rhine, he would ſend a part of his troops to Coblentz, have conſidered it as relating to the city of Coblentz on the Moſelle: If they had conſulted the map of Switzerland, they would have perceived that there is a place of that name near to the ſpot where the Aar falls into the Rhine. Coblentz, in the German language, ſignifies Confluence.

ADDRESS OF PARLIAMENT TO HIS MAJESTY.

Friday, the King held a levee at St James's Palace, and at two o'clock, the Members of the Houſe of Lords and Commons came up in ſtate with their addreſs on the royal meſſage of an Union with Ireland; it was preſented by the Lord Chancellor and the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons, and was received by his Majeſty, on the throne, in the Great Council Chamber, and is as follows:

We your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, humbly beg leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we have proceeded with the utmoſt attention to the conſideration of the important objects recommended to us in your Majeſty's meſſage reſpecting the connection between this country and Ireland.

We entertain a firm perſuaſion that a complete and entire union between Great Britain and Ireland, founded on equal and liberal principles, on the ſimilarity of laws, conſtitution, and government, and on a ſenſe of mutual intereſts and affections, by promoting the ſecurity, wealth, and commerce of the reſpective kingdoms, and by allaying the diſtractions which have unhappily prevailed in Ireland, muſt afford freſh means of oppoſing at all times an effectual reſiſtance to the deſtructive projects of our foreign an domeſtic enemies, and muſt tend to confirm and augment the ſtability, power and reſources of the empire.

Impreſſed with theſe conſiderations, we feel it our duty humbly to lay before your Majeſty ſuch propoſitions as appear to us beſt calculated to form the baſis of ſuch a ſettlement, leaving it to your Majeſty's wiſdom, at ſuch time and in ſuch manner as your Majeſty, in your parental ſolicitude for the happineſs of your people, ſhall judge fit, to communicate theſe propoſitions to your Parliament of Ireland, with whom we ſhall be at all times ready to concur in all ſuch meaſures as may be found moſt conducive to the accompliſhment of this great and ſalutary work. And we truſt that, after full and mature conſideration, ſuch a ſettlement may be framed and eſtabliſhed by the deliberative conſent of the Parliaments of both kingdoms, as may be conformable to the ſentiments, wiſhes, and real intereſts of your Majeſty's faithful ſubjects of Great Britain and Ireland, and may unite them inſeparably in the full enjoyment of the bleſſings of our free and invaluable conſtitution, in the ſupport of the honour and dignity of your Majeſty's crown, and in the preſervation and advancement of the welfare and proſperity of the whole Britiſh Empire.

TREASONABLE AND SEDITIOUS PRACTICES.

SUBSTANCE OF THE BILL NOW BEFORE PARLIAMENT.

THE BLANKS ARE NOT YET FILLED UP.

All Societies of United Engliſhmen, Scotchmen, Iriſhmen, and the London Correſponding Society, and every Society, the Members of which are required to take an oath or engagement, as well as every Society, the Members whereof are admitted otherwiſe than by open declaration at a public meeting, ſhall be deemed unlawful combinations; and every perſon who ſhall become a member, or, being a member, ſhall act as ſuch, or maintain any correſpondence or intercourſe with ſuch Society, ſhall be deemed guilty of an unlawful combination: Provided always, that no perſon who did not become a member before a certain date, ſhall be liable to any pain or penalty, in caſe he ſhall ceaſe to belong to any ſuch Society.

Every perſon deemed guilty as above, ſhall be proceeded againſt, in a ſummary way, before any Juſtice of the Peace, or by indictment. The puniſhment to be inflicted by the Juſtices of the Peace is impriſonment and fine; the latter to be levied by ſale of the offender's goods; and, for want of ſufficient diſtreſs, ſuch offender ſhall be committed to the Houſe of Correction. Conviction upon indictment by due courſe of law, warrants tranſportation or impriſonment, as the Court ſhall think fit. Mitigation of puniſhment is allowed.

No perſon acquitted before a Juſtice of the Peace ſhall be liable under this act to be proſecuted by indictment for the offence. Nothing contained in this act to extend to perſons now in cuſtody, or who have been diſcharged on bail.

A penalty, the amount to be hereafter determined, upon any perſon knowingly permitting any ſuch Society to meet at his houſe or apartment.

The Juſtice of Peace to deprive of licenſes all publicans who ſuffer any ſuch meetings to be held at their houſes.

Any houſe, room, or field, in which lectures are delivered, or debates held, on any ſubject whatever, or in which meetings ſhall be held for the purpoſe of reading books or newspapers, and to which any perſon ſhall be admitted by payment of money, or by any ticket or token in conſideration of money, ſhall be deemed a diſorderly houſe or place, unleſs the ſame ſhall have been previouſly licenſed; and the perſon by whom ſuch houſe or place ſhall be opened or uſed, ſhall forfeit a ſum for every time he ſhall offend, and be otherwiſe puniſhed as the law directs in caſes of diſorderly houſes. Every perſon managing ſuch proceedings, or who ſhall pay or collect money, or receive or deliver any token, ſhall, for every offence, forfeit a ſum of money.

The perſons who ſhall appear to act as the maſters of ſuch houſes or places ſhall be liable to be proſecuted, and puniſhed as ſuch, notwithſtanding they be not in fact the owners or occupiers.

Any Juſtice of the Peace to enter ſuch place, upon receiving information upon oath which may give him reaſon to entertain ſuſpicions; and if refuſed admittance, the ſame ſhall be deemed diſorderly; every perſon refuſing admittance ſhall forfeit a certain ſum. Licenſes may be granted by Juſtices of the Peace, for which a fee is to be paid, for a time to be ſpecified. Juſtices of the Peace to have authority to enter ſuch places. Licenſed public-houſes not to be conſidered as reading-rooms, but if the reading of ſeditious or immoral publications is permitted, the licenſes to be forfeited.

As many ſeditious publications have of late been iſſued from private printing preſſes, every perſon having a printing preſs, ſhall cauſe a notice thereof, atteſted by one witneſs, to be delivered to a Clerk of the Peace, who is required to grant a certificate, for which he ſhall receive a fee; ſuch notice to be filed, and an atteſted copy to be ſent to one of his Majeſty's Secretaries of State. Any perſon neglecting delivering ſuch notice, to forfeit a certain ſum. Letter-founders and printing preſs makers neglecting to ſend in their names and places of abode, to forfeit a certain ſum. Correct accounts to be kept of all perſons to whom they ſell types or preſſes, for the inſpection of the Juſtices of the Peace, under a penalty.

Every perſon who ſhall print any paper whatſoever, without printing his name and place of abode upon the ſame, ſhall forfeit a certain ſum. Any perſon diſtributing ſuch paper to be alſo fined.

One copy of every paper printed for profit ſhall be preſerved for a certain time, with the name and abode of the perſon by whom the printer has been employed, printed, or written on the ſame, for the inſpection of the Juſtices of the Peace, on pain of a certain forfeiture.

Any perſon may ſeize and detain the diſtributors or ſellers of any paper printed in a manner not conformable to the tenth clauſe narrated above, and convey them before a Juſtice of the Peace, or deliver him to any conſtable, in order that the former may determine whether they have offended againſt this act. Cards of address, whether copper plate or letter preſs, are exempted; and nothing in this act is to alter any regulation in the act of Parliament now in force reſpecting the printing or diſtributing of newspapers, or other printed papers.

Any Juſtice of the Peace, on receiving information upon oath, may order any ſuſpected houſe to be entered, and if any unregiſtered preſſes or types are found therein, the ſame, and every article thereto belonging to be ſeized.

Every action brought againſt any Juſtices of the Peace, Peace Officers, or Conſtables, ſhall be commenced within a certain time: that the venue of every ſuch action ſhall be laid in the county where the fact was committed; and if the Plaintiffs are nonſuited or diſcontinue their actions, the defendants ſhall have coſts.

LOSS OF THE HIRED ARMED LUGGER BRAVE,

Lieut. JOHN GUYON, Commander.

SIR, April 23d, 1799.

I AM ſorry to inform you of a dreadful accident that happened to his Majeſty's lugger under my command laſt night, which was as follows:

At about a quarter paſt eight P. M. when ſailing on the larboard tack, and cloſe on the weather quarter of the Harpy, Beachy Head north 6 or 7 miles, it blowing freſh, we ſaw a ſail running down Channel, which, when ſhe got on our lee-bow, put her helm hard a-port, and in a moment cut the lugger in two. There was but juſt time enough for every body to ſcramble on board the veſſel (ſome perfectly naked) before the lugger ſunk.

The veſſel that run us down was the Eclipſe, of South Shields, a tranſport brig, with part of the 35th regiment of foot on board. What could have induced the tranſport to put her helm a-port, when clear of us to leeward, I cannot account for, unleſs he took us for a French lugger, which the maſter, &c. would not acknowledge.

In juſtice to Mr Edmonds, the maſter of his Majeſty's hired lugger, I muſt obſerve, that from the moment of the brig putting her helm a-lee he did every thing that a ſkilful ſeaman could have done, but that the brig was ſo cloſe to us, that every exertion to prevent the fatal accident was uſeleſs.

I have the honour to be, &c.

Lieut. JOHN GUYON, her Commander.

To Captain H. BAZELY, his Majeſty's ſloop Harpy

LONDON—APRIL 29.

Admiral Rainier has been indefatigable in collecting a ſtrong ſquadron in the Red Sea. His Majeſty's ſhip Victorious of 74, Centurion of 50, and the Company's ſhip Belvidere mounting 54 guns, had ſailed for that ſtation, and were immediately to be followed by ſome merchant veſſels which have been fitted for war.

The laſt advices received at the Admiralty from Breſt, ſtate, that there is no reaſon to ſuppoſe that the French have abandoned the object for which they have been fitting out an armament for ſome months paſt.—The preparations for ſending their fleet to ſea ſtill continue with great activity.

A letter from the Hague, April 3. ſtates—"The late Count Montgaillard, who has reſided here for nine months, has left the Hague and the Batavian Republic, as is ſuppoſed, at the inſtance of the French.

"At the Hague, 11,225 florins have been collected, at Leyden, 5462, at Amſterdam above 15,000, at Haerlem 7000, and at Rotterdam 10,000, for the relief of ſuch of the inhabitants of the country as have ſuffered by the late inundations.

"Our fleet is now expected to ſail very ſoon.

"Bruſſels is declared no longer in a ſtate of ſiege, every thing there being quiet."

The official accounts from Germany do not countenance the report, that the rear of General St Cyr's diviſion had been cut off at Offenburg, with the loſs of ſo many cannon as formerly ſtated in the Gazette, as an account from Raſtadt. Several actions had taken place in the courſe of the retreat of the French from Freudenſtadt to Offenburgh, in which the Auſtrians were ſucceſsful, but they do not ſeem to have been very important.

PORTSMOUTH—April 28.

Yeſterday arrived at Spithead his Majeſty's ſhip Sphynx, Lord Auguſtus Fitzroy, Captain, from the Cape of Good Hope. The Sphynx left St Helena on the 24th of February, and was cruizing a fortnight on the Line, and ten days between the Weſtern Iſlands and the Coaſt of Portugal, without taking any prizes. She left at St Helena, the Lord Camden, Dover Caſtle, Henry Dundas, Good Hope, and Buſbridge Indiamen, and Verona extra ſhip, waiting for convoy.

Paſſengers per the Sphynx.—Major-General Nixon, Eaſt Indies.—Captain Collier, navy, ditto.—Lieutenant Timins, ditto, ditto.—Captain J. A. Wood, late of the Garland.—Lieutenants Hexter and Welsh, ditto.—Lieutenant Farris, navy.—Mr M'Lean, Admiral Chriſtian's Secretary.—Reverend Mr Dolling, Admiral Chriſtian's Chaplain.—Mr Landseer, Purſer of the Jupiter.—Mr Mortimer, Firſt Clerk to the Agent Victualler at the Cape.

Proviſions of all kinds were in great abundance at the Cape, and the inhabitants ſeem to reconcile themſelves to the Engliſh.

FROM THE FRENCH PAPERS.

STRASBURGH—1 FLOREAL, APRIL 20.

Two days ago there was an action on the right bank of the Rhine, near Oberkirch: we were at firſt compelled to retreat, but next day we attacked the enemy, and retook the poſts which we had abandoned at Renchen, Niederacharn, &c.

The head-quarters of Prince Charles have been for ſome time paſt alternately at Engen, Stockach, Pfullendorff, and Doueſchingen.

On the evening of the 20th, (April 9,) there arrived at Lindau an Auſtrian flotilla of 26 ſail, under the Imperial flag. It came from Bregentz, and took troops on board, with which it ſailed, but to what place is not known.

The laſt letters from Baſle of the 29th Germinal (April 18,) agree in ſtating that French infantry, cavalry and artillery, daily paſs that way. Thirty thouſand men have lately marched through that place, and other conſiderable reinforcements are ſaid to be on the road.

According to the ſame letters, nothing important has occurred in the neighbourhood of Baſle. There have only been ſome ſkirmiſhes on the ſide of Lornach, between the outpoſts and patroles of the two armies.

The appointment of General Maſſena to the chief command of the armies of the Danube and Helvetia was this day publiſhed in the general orders. We know not yet whether General Ferino will retain the command of the army of Helvetia, which has been proviſionally confided to him. It is ſaid, however, that General Lecourbe will have that command.

General Souham, who commands our troops on the right bank, has transferred his head-quarters from Cork to Widdiſtadt. About four in the morning our troops poſted on the Renchen and on the Acher were unexpectedly attacked by a numerous Auſtrian corps, and after performing prodigies of valour, compelled to retire to Achern. General Leval, who commanded on that bridge, attacked the enemy again at ſeven in the morning, and drove them across the Acher, in conſequence of which, we have re-occupied the poſts of Renchen and Achern, and taken ſome priſoners. This afternoon two battalions of infantry and a regiment of dragoons paſſed the Rhine to reinforce the column under General Leval.

The Auſtrians have been greatly reinforced from the quarter of Buhl and Oppenau. They occupy the road from Raſtadt to Offenbourg, and that from Kehl to Stollofen. It is believed that they will be driven from thence in a few days.

In the courſe of this day and yeſterday, two demi-brigades have arrived from the Lower Rhine. They came from Holland, and are to proceed to Switzerland. They are in good condition, and well dreſſed.

Count Metternich has left Raſtadt, with his family and ſuite. He has arrived at Stutgard, from whence he proceeds to Vienna.

STUTGARD—25th GERMINAL, APRIL 14.

Letters from Lindau, dated the 21ſt, confirm the report of the Auſtrians having that day made an attack above the Lake of Conſtance, where every thing had been tranquil ſince the attack of Fieldkirch on the 3d. It was reported at Lindau, that the Auſtrians had forced the paſſage of the Rhine at Rheineck, and that the attack had taken place on ſeven different points. This intelligence, however, is not confirmed by any official report.

OFFICE OF THE MINISTER OF MARINE.

By letters from Breſt, of the 29th Germinal, (April 18,) it appears that a convoy expected from Nantes, conſiſting of Le Dromadaire, La Neceſſite, *flutes*, and fifty other veſſels with cargoes belonging to the Republic, arrived at the former place in ſafety on the 27th. The arrival of this convoy affords a complete proof that the Engliſh ſhips, which had lately been engaged by three frigates from Breſt, have been obliged to return into port to be repaired.

The Pruſſian Legation, it is ſaid, has frequent conferences with the French Miniſters; and it is believed that a plan of general pacification is in agitation, which, according to ſome Paris Journals, the Court of Berlin has propoſed to the French Government.

It is ſaid that in a few days the French Miniſters will tranſmit a note to the Deputation.

ZURICH—APRIL 17.

The Auſtrian troops attacked Schaffhauſen the day before yeſterday. The French who were there evacuated the place, and retired to the left bank of the Rhine, after having burnt the bridge. Some howitzers have been fired into the town, and alſo into the village of Feurthalen, ſituated on the left bank. Some houſes in that village have been deſtroyed.

LUCERNE—APRIL 10

The Helvetic Legiſlative Body yeſterday decreed unanimouſly and by acclamation, the Union of the Griſon League to the Helvetic Republic.

TRIESTE—MARCH 29.

Fifteen thouſand Ruſſians have arrived here. They are to be immediately conveyed to Venice, for which purpoſe all the veſſels here, neutral as well as others, are put in requiſition. The rear guard will alſo ſhortly arrive here. It is ſtated at 7000. General Suwarrow will not be long in following them.

Yeſterday a genteelly dreſſed young woman ſprung upon the walls of London Bridge, and threw herſelf into the Thames. A boat immediately put off, and brought her on ſhore; ſhe was ſoon recovered, having been but a few minutes in the water.

CORN EXCHANGE, LONDON, April 29.

THERE was a pretty large ſupply of Wheat at market this day, yet prices advanced full 1s. per quarter, with a briſk ſale.

The Barley trade was dull, at near 1s. per quarter declination.

Oats fully maintain prices, and a few fine ſamples fetched rather more than laſt week; but the ſale is not briſk, our buyers being very unwilling to come forward.

Tick and Small Beans are in great requeſt, and from 2s. to 3s. per quarter dearer.

Grey and Boiling Peaſe continue much as lately.

	s.	s.	d.		s.	s.	d.
Engliſh Wheat,	50	58	0	Malt,			
Eſſex,	60	64	0	Fine,	38	45	0
Barley,	30	34	0	Oats,	—	—	—
Suffolk,	—	34	6	Mealing,	26	31	0
Fine Flour	48	50	0	Fine,	30	35	0

—STOCKS—

BANK STOCK	136½	INDIA STOCK	
3 *per cent. con.*	54¼ ¾	*Long Ann.*	16
4 *per cent. cons.*	68¼ 69	*Short ditto,*	15¼ 11-16
5 *per cent. ann.*	85¼ ½	*Omnium*	6

This day, (April 29.) at twelve o'clock—3 *per cent. red.* —
3 *per cent. con.* 54¼ ¾

EXCHANGES, LONDON ON

Hamburgh	36 0 2½ U	*Bank money*	
Liſbon	68¾	*Dublin*	½
Oporto	70¾		

WANTED,

FOR a VOLUNTEER CORPS, in a thriving manufacturing town, within 60 miles of the capital of Scotland, A FIFE and DRUM.—Good encouragement will be given to thoſe who underſtand their buſineſs, by applying to Mr ALLAN, Sun Fire Office.

N. B.—Applications from perſons in the regiments of Fencibles lately diſbanded, if well recommended, will be preferred.

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—MAY 2.

FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

HOUSE OF LORDS—April 29.

Affirmed the deciſions of the Court of Seſſion in the caſe of Herriot againſt M'Gill.

The DUKE of PORTLAND laid on the table a green bag, ſealed, containing certain treaſonable correſpondence. He then moved, that the Houſe be ſummoned for to-morrow, in order to appoint a Select Committee to take the ſaid papers into conſideration. Ordered. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—April 29.

THIRLAGE.

The Lord ADVOCATE of Scotland roſe to make the motion of which he had given notice, relative to the ſervitude of thirlage in Scotland. He obſerved, that the law on this ſubject, as it now ſtood, had for many years been a ſource of very great vexation. Independent of the trouble which the tenant had in carrying his grain to be ground at a diſtance from his farm, frequent litigations took place between the proprietors of mills and perſons living in diſtricts which they imagined to be reſtricted to their mills.

His Lordſhip wiſhed to remove theſe evils, and the meaſure he would propoſe, the intereſt of the tenant, the proprietor of mills, and the landlord, would be equally conſulted, and it would be found that it would at once prove advantageous to them and to the country large. The bill he intended to bring in would contain regulations ſimilar to thoſe adopted in Scotland with regard to tythes. A very ſhort conſideration would convince the Houſe that the regulations he now propoſe would tend greatly to the improvement of agriculture in Scotland.

He concluded by moving that leave be given to bring in a bill for encouraging the improvement of lands in Scotland, ſubject to the ſervitude of thirlage.—Leave was given, and the LORD ADVOCATE of Scotland, Mr HAWKINS BROWNE, and Mr FORDYCE directed to prepare and bring in the bill.

SCOTCH BAIL.

The Committee on the Scotch bail bill was deferred till to-morrow.

SCOTCH MILITIA.

Mr WM. DUNDAS brought up a bill for amending the Scotch militia acts. It was read a firſt time and ordered to be read a ſecond time on Friday next.

The following is a very material piece of intelligence and we hope it will ſoon be fully confirmed.

By the Lark cartel, from Cherbourg, intelligence is brought, that upon her leaving that port news had reached it that the French army was again beaten by the Auſtrians.

The account ſtates, that the French have been obliged to fall back upwards of ſeventy miles; that they had ſuffered more in killed and taken in this battle, than in all ſince the opening of the campaign.

In conſequence, it was added, of the Auſtrian cavalry having come up as the French were retreating, the ſlaughter was immenſe.

By this, as well as other channels, intelligence is brought, that the greateſt conſternation prevails at Paris, and that there is throughout France a general cry for peace.

Paris papers to the 25th ult. have been received. They do not contain any official ſtatements regarding the late defeats their armies have ſuſtained. A letter from Straſburgh dated 20th April, contains the lateſt information from that quarter. It will be found in a former going column.

The French evacuated Schaffhauſen on the 15th, and after retreating acroſs the Rhine burnt the bridge at that place.

General Schœrer has reſigned the command of the army of Italy and Naples, which has been given by the Directory to Moreau. Ill health is ſtated to be the reaſon of Shœrer's reſignation. The army of Helvetia, by an arrete of the Directory of the 21ſt April, is ſuppreſſed, and the troops of which it was compoſed now form a part of the army of the Danube.

Some papers ſtate, that General Gauthier has received orders to proclaim the Etruſcan Republic.

Orders have been iſſued for the arreſt of the famous Barrere. One of the papers contains the following paragraph:—"A courier ſent by the Directory has taken to Bourdeaux an order to arreſt Bertrand Barrere, who had found an aſylum in that town. The place of his retreat and the hour at which he might be found was pointed out; but the perſons who were ſent to arreſt him were about a quarter of an hour too late."

It is said the Directory have propoſed to the King of Pruſſia terms for bringing about a general peace.

A report is current, that the Ruſſians arrived before Mantua on the 9th inſtant, which fortreſs is completely inveſted by them, and an immediate attempt will be made to carry it by aſſault.—This, however, will be a work of great difficulty, on account of its ſituation in the middle of a lake, the waters of which, this ſeaſon, are ſaid to have been unuſually ſwelled:—The French have a very ſtrong garriſon in this place, and it is ſtated in the Paris papers to be completely victualled and ſupplied with all neceſſary ſtores for two years.

Another report current is, that the Piedmonteſe inſurgents have poſſeſſed themſelves of Turin.

Theſe different ſtatements are given on the authority of a perſon who left France on Wedneſday ſe'ennight. A general murmuring, it is ſaid, had broken out in all the departments, not leſs on account of the arbitrary meaſures adopted by the Directory to inforce the laſt military requiſition, than in conſequence of the bad news received, but reſpecting which the Government had refuſed to publiſh any official accounts.

Letters from the frontiers of Italy ſtate, that the Grand Duke of Tuſcany arrived at Padua the 4th of April, and on the 16th, continued his route to Venice.

One Hamburgh mail is now due.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No London Gazette arrived here on Tueſday, as it was not publiſhed till ten o'clock on Saturday night.—The London Sunday's papers contain the following abſtract of it, being ſo long they could not inſert it all, nor was it neceſſary, becauſe it is nearly a repetition of thoſe official details which the public have already received.

The firſt article is a minute detail from the Vienna Gazette of the 10th, of the deſperate engagement between the Archduke and General Jourdan, at Stockach, on the 25th ult. the reſult and many of the particulars of which have been given to the public through this and all the other papers.

The narrative relates a continuance, during ſeveral hours, of the alternate ſucceſſes and active valour of each army, and the ultimate ſucceſs of the Auſtrians, as proceeding not more from unceaſing exertion than from the ability with which not only the Archduke, but all the officers under him, proſited by every means that occurred during the long continuance of the fight.

His Royal Highneſs ſpeaks in the moſt animated terms of the gallantry and talents of the Prince de Furſtenberg, of Anhalt, Bernberg, who died on the field of battle, as well as of the Prince of Anhalt Cothen, who, perceiving that his cavalry could not act, ſolicited to be allowed on foot, led a diviſion to the attack; of the Prince of Furſtenberg, who, ſeeing a favourable opportunity, attacked without waiting for orders; and in fact, of all the officers and troops, a vaſt number of the former of whom he particularly names.

This Gazette likewiſe details, from the ſame high authority, the particulars of the battle of Legnago and Verona on the 26th ult. the details of which have been already given in official bulletins, and which would not only occupy the greater part of this paper, but from the Gazette only arriving this morning, it would be as difficult as it is unneceſſary to report. General Kray, who commanded in chief the Auſtrian army, beſtows the higheſt encomiums on Generals Frölich and Letterman, Marquis Chateſler, Colonels Rudt, Wallhern, Someriva, Skal, and Zach; Lieutenant-Colonels Meacantin and Korher, the firſt of whom was killed, and the latter wounded; Lieutenant-Colonel Wierder. The French admit they loſt in this action 1000 men, amongſt whom were Generals Vignolles killed, and Delmas wounded. The Auſtrians took 8 pieces of cannon, 3 howitzers, 32 ammunition waggons, and 1100 priſoners.

The battle of Verona began by the French early on the morning of the 26th, whoſe object was to take that city by ſurprize, for the purpoſe of compenſating the army, "which, as they had already ſubſiſted 15 days without pay, they ſhould be indemnified with two hours pillage of the city." The French carried, were twice beaten from, and again and took, during the day kept the poſt of St Lucia; they likewiſe ſeven times took, and were beaten from St Maſſimo. The battle laſted with an precedented obſtinacy for 18 hours. General Keim, who relates prodigies of valour of his officers and men, was carried wounded off the field. The Auſtrian loſs conſiſted of 11 officers and 90 men killed; 42 officers and 2675 men wounded. The French at St Lucia took 1000 men, but during the action loſt from 8 to 10,000.

The ſecond battle of Verona, fought on the 30th of March, was occaſioned by 15,000 French attempting to ſurpriſe that city; when the Auſtrians, by a ſkilful and gallant movement, deſtroying a bridge, the enemy loſt 1000 men, together with 1112 priſoners. On the 2d inſtant the Auſtrians took 29 officers and 800 privates priſoners, at Villa Franca, with two pieces of cannon, and threw ſome ſhell into Peſchiera; and having taken one armed veſſel, and deſtroyed another, the French ſunk the reſt, and took their crews to Ferraro.

Field Marſhal Bellegarde writes from Schladerns, April 5, that after an obſtinate reſiſtance from the French, near Tauffers, Munſter, &c. he had driven them paſt Cyernez, with the loſs of three pieces of cannon, and 300 priſoners, beſides a conſiderable number killed and wounded; the Auſtrians having likewiſe materially ſuffered.

From the report of Field Marſhal Lieut. Kray, of the 4th inſt. it appears that the advanced guard of General Count Hohenzollen had taken more than 500 priſoners; and Gen. Count Klenau ſtates, that being deſirous of attacking, with one company, two gun boats, which were in the Po D'Ariano, and having paſſed the river for that purpoſe, the inhabitants of the iſland of Ariano had ſhewn great ſatisfaction, had taken up arms, had ſeized upon the boats, and made 60 Frenchmen priſoners. On the 2d, the enemy attempting to reconnoitre from Oſtiglia to Merlava, were ſtopped by the armed peaſantry, and forced to retire.

VIENNA—April 12.

The Field-Marſhal Lieutenant Kray has ſent the following account:

The enemy, after the check ſuſtained on the 30th ult. near Verona, had deſcended the Adige, and taken poſt between that river and the Tartaro, from whence they threatened to repaſs the Adige. But Field Marſhal Lieut. Kray, underſtanding that they had been unable to rally all their forces, took the reſolution of attacking them immediately. The enemy's head-quarters were at Iſola della Scala, one camp near Magnan, oppoſite to our army under Verona, and a ſecond near Lecca, on the rivulet Manego, oppoſite to Legnano.—Field-Marſhal Lieut. Kray's plan was firſt to attack the enemy's camp near Magnan, and to penetrate if poſſible as far as Iſola della Scala. He accordingly drew near the enemy on the 5th inſt. and at ten in the morning attacked them with three columns, ſupported by a fourth. The action ſoon became general; the enemy made a moſt obſtinate reſiſtance. The ground was a long time diſputed, but the firmneſs and bravery of the Imperial troops obtained the victory. The enemy were routed on all ſides, and driven from their camp at Magnan.—Night coming on put an end to the combat.

During the night the Imperial troops formed a line by Leccedre Caſtel d'Azano, Hutta, Fredda, and Valeſe, to watch the motions of the enemy, after this ſecond defeat.

At the departure of the courier we had already taken 11 pieces of cannon, 30 ammunition waggons, ſeven ſtandards, and above 2000 priſoners. Our loſs in killed and wounded is eſtimated by Field Marſhal Lieut. Kray at 2000 men; that of the enemy muſt be far more conſiderable, as his Majeſty's troops performed prodigies of valour.

APRIL 13.

According to two accounts of the 5th and 7th inſt. from his Royal Highneſs the Archduke Charles, it appears that the enemy, who were poſted at Freudenſtadt, Homberg, and Neuſtadt, moved and attacked a part of his Royal Highneſs's army with great force at Alpierſbach, Frieberg, and Turwangen, and at the ſame time ordered their advanced poſts to march towards Sulz on the Neckar, where there was a ſmall Auſtrian corps.—His Royal Highneſs immediately ſent General Nauendorff forward with a reinforcement of ſeveral battalions, and ordered him to attack the enemy on every point, and to endeavour to drive them back to the mountains. General Gorger at the ſame time marched towards Alpierſbach, whilſt Generals Meerfeld and Guilay moved to Frieberg and St George, where they attacked the enemy, diſperſed them, took many priſoners, and one ammunition waggon.

At the ſame time, General Clingling moved towards Neuſtadt, which poſt the enemy left on his approach. General Kienmeyer, who had been to the neighbourhood of Schaffhauſen and Stain, repulſed a ſtrong detachment of the enemy, and purſued them as far as Schaffhauſen, where his (General Kienmeyer's) advanced poſts now are. The enemy having ſome apprehenſions for Stain and Diſſenhouſen, burnt the bridges at both places.

On the 5th it was reported at all the advanced poſts that the enemy had retreated from every quarter, as far as Freudenſtadt, where the rear of the French General St Cyr's diviſion was ſtill poſted. Lieutenant-Colonel Steinhoſer, of the Blankenſtein regiment of huſſars, purſued the enemy with great ſpirit near Homberg, fell in with them, killed ſome, and took ſeveral priſoners.—On the 7th, the enemy retreated alſo from Freudenſtadt, and abandoned ſeveral poſts on the Kniebiſs, from whence they marched by Oberkirch towards Kehl, to which place ſeveral other columns, who were directing their march to Laar through Offenburgh, had retreated. The column from Freyburg took the road to Old Breyſach, where they paſſed the Rhine, and broke down the bridge behind them. His Royal Highneſs ordered his light troops to purſue the enemy in every direction, and took poſſeſſion of all the principal poſitions, which the enemy had abondoned, the army being now poſted in the neighbourhood of Villengen, Donaueſchingen, and Engen.

The Gazette alſo contains an Order of Council for laying an embargo on all veſſels belonging to the territories of the Grand Duke of Tuſcany, which are, or ſhall be, in any of the ports of theſe kingdoms; and announces the capture of Le Papillon privateer brig, mounting 10 nine-pounders, and four brass 36 pounders carronades, and 123 men, by the Melampus frigate, Captain Graham Moore.

[End of the Gazette abstracts.]

The London Obſerver contains the following intereſting article:—

"Mr Grenville, according to his lateſt diſpatches, has, in a material degree, accompliſhed the object of his miſſion to Berlin. By theſe it appears (we ſpeak from an authority of the higheſt reſpectability) that his Pruſſian Majeſty entertains a ſpirit of decided hoſtility to France, and has hitherto been only reſtrained from open warfare by jealouſy againſt Auſtria, excited by the ſecret articles of the treaty of Campo Formio. One part of this compact has been promulgated by the French, the remainder has gained publicity through the Cabinet of St Peterſburgh, to whom it was confided.

"It now appears that the Emperor and France had made ſome arrangements and allotments of the Pruſſian dominions not preciſely conſonant with the collective intereſts of that ſtate, and that Sileſia in particular was to be annexed to the Auſtrian territory.

"Pruſſia, two months ſince, declared its willingneſs to engage in the coalition againſt France, provided Auſtria exhibited the treaty in queſtion; but theſe terms not being acceded to, a ſecond condition has been propoſed, namely, that England and Ruſſia guarantee his Pruſſian Majeſty, not againſt the poſſible calamities and loſſes of war, but againſt any ſacrifices which might be ſought to be made of his intereſt on the concluſion of a peace. In the event of ſuch guarantee, which the Courts of London and Peterſburgh, we underſtand, do not heſitate in acceding to, Pruſſia promiſes, without ſubſidy, to employ one hundred thouſand men againſt the tyrants of France."

Letters from the Malabar coaſt, received by the Fame extra ſhip arrived in the Downs, expreſs increaſed probability of a war with Tippoo, and that great preparations were making to meet ſuch an event.

Copy of a Letter from Admiral NELSON to the Governor of Bombay.

"VANGUARD, Mouth of the Nile,
9th Auguſt, 1798.

"SIR,

"Although I hope the Conſuls who are, or ought to be reſident in Egypt, have ſent you an expreſs of the ſituation of affairs here, yet, as I know Mr BOLDWIN has ſome months left Alexandria, it is poſſible you may not be regularly informed, I ſhall therefore relate to you briefly that a French army of 40,000 men in 300 tranſports, with 13 ſhips of the line, 11 frigates, bomb-veſſels, gun-boats, &c. arrived at Alexandria on the 1st of July; on the 7th they left it for Cairo, where they arrived on the 22d. During their march they had ſome actions with the Mamelukes, which the French call great victories. As I have Buonaparte's diſpatches now before me, which I took yeſterday, I ſpeak poſitively:—he ſays, "I am now going to ſend off to take Suez and Damietta;" he does not ſpeak favourably of either country or people; but there is ſuch bombaſt in his letters that it is difficult to get at the truth, but you may be ſure he is maſter only of what his army covers. From all the enquiries which I have been able to make, I cannot learn that any French veſſels are at Suez to carry any part of his army to India. Bombay (if they can get there) I know is the firſt object; but I truſt the Almighty God in Egypt will overthrow theſe peſts of the human race.

"It has been in my power to prevent 12,000 men from leaving Genoa, and alſo to take eleven ſail of the line and two frigates; two ſail of the line and two frigates have eſcaped me. This glorious battle was fought at the mouth of the Nile, at anchor. It began at ſun-ſet, and was not finiſhed at three the next morning. It has been ſevere, but God favoured our endeavours with a great victory. I am now at anchor between Alexandria and Roſetta, to prevent their communication by water, and nothing under a regiment can paſs by land. But I ſhould have informed you, that the French have 4000 men poſted at Roſetta, to keep open the mouth of the Nile. Alexandria, both town and ſhipping, are ſo diſtreſſed for proviſions that they can only get them from the Nile by water; therefore I cannot gueſs the good which may attend my holding our preſent poſition; for Buonaparte writes his diſtreſs for ſtores, artillery, and things for their hoſpital, &c. All uſeful communication is at an end between Alexandria and Cairo: you may be ſure I ſhall remain here as long as poſſible. Buonaparte had never yet to contend with an Engliſh officer, and I ſhall endeavour to make him reſpect us.

"This is all I have to communicate; I am confident every precaution will be taken to prevent in future any veſſels going to Suez which may be able to carry troops to India.—If my letter is not ſo correct as might be expected, I truſt your excuſe, when I tell you my brain is ſo ſhook with the wound in my head, that I am ſenſible I am not always as clear as could be wiſhed; but whilſt a ray of reaſon remains, my heart and hand ſhall ever be exerted for the benefit of our King and country.—I have the honour to be, &c. &c.

"HORATIA NELSON."

The Collection received at the Sermon preached by the Rev. Dr MOODIE, for the benefit of the Edinburgh General Lying-in-Hoſpital, amounted to 39l. 12s. 8½d.

Monday, the Norfolk Fencible Cavalry, quartered at Pier's-hill Barracks, were reviewed at Porto Bello Sands, by General VYSE. They performed their different evolutions, the ſword exerciſe, &c. with a ſteadineſs and promptitude that did them the greateſt credit.

The Natural Hiſtory Claſs will be opened by Dr WALKER, in the College Muſeum, on Monday next the 6th inſt. at two o'clock afternoon.

We formerly mentioned that a gentleman of ſome reſpectability in this city had been engaged in aiding ſome French priſoners to make their eſcape from this country. Out of delicacy to the party we did not then mention the name till the circumſtances ſhould be more fully inveſtigated. We are now authorized to ſay that gentleman is the Rev. Mr FITZSIMONS, one of the Epiſcopal miniſters of this city. What was formerly mentioned of the circumſtances attending their mode of eſcape was correct. Mr FITZSIMONS, in his declaration ſays, that they came to his houſe, and intreated him to allow them to remain there till the ſailing of the cartel, and that out of a principle of humanity he conſented to do ſo. When the cartel was about to ſail he went down to Newhaven, and procured a boat which carried them on board.

The cartel returned ſome weeks ago to Leith, and one of the ſeamen having mentioned the foregoing particulars, an inveſtigation immediately took place; the two Newhaven fiſhermen belonging to the boat were diſcovered, apprehended, and examined. Mr FITZSIMONS was alſo ſent for, and underwent a long examination before the Magiſtrates, and the account he gave of the tranſaction is nearly what we have ſtated.

It appeared that Mr FITZSIMONS being acquainted with the priſoners, aroſe from the following circumſtance:—A perſon at Ayr, who has a ſon ſettled at Dunkirk, wrote to him to advance ſome money to a young man (a priſoner in the caſtle), to whoſe relations at Dunkirk his ſon lay under obligations; which he accordingly did from time to time.

The two fiſhermen and the maſter of the cartel are in cuſtody, and Mr FITZSIMONS has been admitted to bail.

We underſtand that this matter will ſoon undergo a diſcuſſion before a Court of Juſtice.

The non-commiſſioned officers and privates of Lord HOPETOUN's late fencible regiment, now reſiding in Edinburgh, have returned an anſwer to his Lordſhip's late addreſs to them.—It echoes back every ſentiment of reſpect and attachment which the addreſs contained, and particularly notices his Lordſhip's attention in providing ſpiritual inſtruction for the men under his charge, and a ſchoolmaſter for the education of their children. It expreſſes in very ſtrong language their firm attachment to his Majeſty and our happy conſtitution, and, their readineſs again to aſſemble round his Lordſhip's ſtandard, ſhould a foreign enemy dare to diſturb their native land.

Wedneſday the 24th ult. the Magiſtrates and Town Council of Greenock unanimouſly appointed EDWARD M'CORMICK, Eſq. Advocate, Sheriff of Ayr, to be their Aſſeſſor.

A letter from Dublin ſays, that the queſtion of the Union is again to be brought before the Iriſh Parliament.—His Majeſty's meſſage is to be read to both Houſes of Parliament next week, when it is ſaid ſome ſingular advantages and gracious conceſſions for the relief of a great part of his Majeſty's Iriſh ſubjects, are to be offered for their acceptance.

The Iriſh Houſe of Commons on Thurſday laſt agreed to lay a tax of half a guinea *per annum* on all perſons playing at cards within the city and liberties of Dublin, and a guinea *per annum* on all members of the faſhionable ſubſcription clubs in Dublin. The produce of theſe to go to defray the expence of opening a wide ſtreet on the ſouth ſide of Carliſle bridge.

On the 22d his Majeſty's frigate Boſton, Captain DOUGLAS ſailed from Cork with a fleet of merchantmen for America.

Receipt for making manure from green vegetable matter, decompoſed by quick or freſh burnt lime, thus:—A layer of vegetable matter, a foot thick, then a very thin layer of lime beat ſmall, and ſo on; firſt vegetable, then lime alternately. In a few hours the decompoſition will begin, and, unleſs prevented by ſods or a forkful of vegetables, it will break into a blaze, which muſt be prevented. In 24 hours, the proceſs will be complete, weeds of every deſcription will anſwer. Vegetables, with 2l. worth of lime, will produce manure for four acres. Uſe the vegetables as ſoon after cutting as poſſible, and the lime as freſh from the kiln as the diſtance will allow.

Mr Cookſon is ſuppoſed to have won as much at the laſt Newmarket as he has loſt in his match with Sir H. V. Tempeſt. His horſe diamond has won every match ſince.

It is ſaid that Hambletonian is to run at York during the next races.

Another ſporting match, equal to that between Diamond and Hambletonian, has juſt been made. Mr Cookſon has matched his horſe Sir Harry againſt Mr Heathcote's Schedoni, for 3000 guineas, to be run for next Eaſter Monday.

In the late unfortunate ſhipwreck at Donaghadee, ſays an Iriſh paper, a ſmall fiſh was forced out of the water, by the ſtorm, with ſuch violence as to fall on the roof of a houſe, above 30 feet high, ſituate at the diſtance of 120 yards from the ſhore.

MARRIED.

At Edinburgh, on Monday laſt, the Rev. Dr TRAILL, of Linburn, in Ireland, to the Right Hon. Lady FRANCES CHARTERIS, ſecond daughter of the Earl of Wemyſs.

On the 8th ult. ANDREW ROBINSON STONEY BOWES STRATHMORE STOFFORD PALMER, Eſq. of Staugh, in the Queen's County, Ireland, Lieut. in the York fencible infantry, to Miſs FRASER, daughter of the Rev. Doctor Fraſer of Kirkcubbin.

At London, WILLIAM INNES, Eſq. to Mrs PAXTON, widow of Captain William Paxton.

DIED.

At Culross, upon Friday the 19th April ult. Mrs HALKERSTON, wife of Robert Halkerston, Eſq. of Carnkerdo;—And JOHN HALKERSTON, Eſq. younger of Carnkerdo, died there upon Sunday the 21st April.

The 23d July 1798, at Amboor, Eaſt Indies, Lieutenant-Colonel ALEXANDER MACPHERSON, of the 1st battalion of the 6th regiment of native infantry, and Commandant of Amhoor. He was 27 years in India, in the military ſervice of the Eaſt India Company.

At Kelſo, on Tueſday the 23d ult. Mr J. PALMER, printer, and for ſeveral years editor of the Britiſh Chronicle. His remains were committed to the earth on Friday at four o'clock, and within two hours after the funeral, Mrs PALMER, his wife, died alſo!

At Kirkcaldy, on the 20th ult. ANDREW RUTHERFURD of Croſshill, Eſq.

Copy of a letter from Captain HOGG of the Palmer of Aberdeen, to his owners, dated Sunderland, 26th April, 1799.

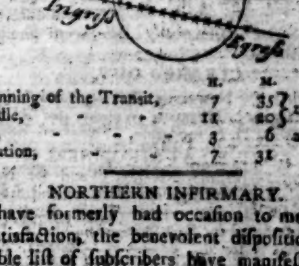
You will please observe, that yeſterday at meridian, St Abb's Head bearing per compaſs weſt, diſtant two leagues, we were brought to by a French ſloop privateer, when a heavy ſea from the eaſtward prevented her from boarding us, and a brig heaving in ſight from the eaſtward, he aſked me if I knew what brig that was; I told him I did not. He told me then to make ſail and follow him; he went across my hawſe, and hoiſted the National flag at his gaff, and a French jack at his top-gallant-maſt-head, and ſtood for the brig, and I made ſail, and ſtood to the ſouthward, and he took no notice of me. When he was within a mile of the brig, he hove about, and ſet all the ſail he could after us. We being a long way to the ſouthward, and a heavy ſloug of ſea, he came netting up with us, took in his ſail again, and hauled his wind; the brig likewiſe hove his main-yard to the maſt. She was a French cutter brig by her canvas. The ſloop had a very large boat over her ſtern, and a very black appearance herſelf, with a very dark yellow paint.

JAMES HOGG.

TRANSIT OF MERCURY.

On Tueſday the 7th of May, there will be a Tranſit of Mercury over the Sun's diſk.

The annexed is a true repreſentation of the Tranſit as Edinburgh, and will ſerve pretty nearly for all parts of Great Britain.—The beginning and ending of this Tranſit at London will be almoſt a quarter of an hour later than at Edinburgh.



	H.	M.	
Beginning of the Tranſit,	7	35	morning.
Middle,	11	20	morning.
End,	3	6	afternoon.
Duration,	7	31	

NORTHERN INFIRMARY.

We have formerly had occaſion to mention, with much ſatisfaction, the benevolent diſpoſition which an honourable liſt of ſubſcribers have manifeſted towards the Northern Infirmary; a work which is now begun, and which we hope will proceed with all that diſpatch and attention which the friends of humanity could wiſh. Meſſ. ABRAHAM and BENJAMIN GOLDSMID of London have given a very liberal donation, and many other gentlemen in diſtant parts of the iſland and beyond it have alſo evinced ſimilar proofs of their regard. Theſe gentlemen, without the impulſe of local attachments, or the incentive of private friendſhips, have given honourable traits of the benevolence of their hearts, and hold out an example well fitted to inſpire a ſimilar conduct in others, who, though under ties which might have prompted them, yet hitherto have remained indifferent and cold ſpectators to the accompliſhment of an inſtitution, whoſe object is at once honourable to human nature, and calculated to warm and animate the beſt feelings of the heart. Partakers of human frailty! look on thy brother in diſtreſs! do not longer violate thy nature, but, yielding to the generous motions of the ſoul, ſhew yourſelves MEN, and prove yourſelves CHRISTIANS!

CIRCUIT INTELLIGENCE.

ABERDEEN, April 27. 1799.

The Circuit Court of Juſticiary was opened here yeſterday by the Right Honourable Lord CRAIG, when

JEAN NICHOLSON, in Mains of Ludquharn, accuſed of child murder, was, in conſequence of her own petition, baniſhed from Scotland for life.

The Court then proceeded to the trial of JAMES WATSON and JAMES LEVENY, fiſhers in Whitehills, accuſed of ſtealing goods, part of the cargo of the Fame of Liverpool, wrecked in the neighbourhood, and of JAMES GRAY, ſoap and candle maker in Banff, accuſed of reſetting goods ſtolen from the ſaid cargo.—The Jury this morning returned a verdict, finding the theft againſt Watſon and Leveny not proven; but finding it proven, that time and place libelled, the ſaid James Gray was guilty of purchaſing different quantities of tallow, knowing the ſame to be part of the cargo of the foreſaid veſſel, and which tallow he had reaſon to believe had been illegally carried off, and was not the property of thoſe from whom he purchaſed the ſame ſame, and that he applied the ſame to his own uſe; in conſequence of which verdict Watſon and Leveny were abſolved and diſmiſſed from the bar, and Gray was ſentenced to four months imprisonment.

ISOBEL BALNEAVES, reſiding in Links of Ardthie, having upon her own confeſſion, been found guilty of ſtealing a pocket-book, containing bank-notes and different writings, was baniſhed Scotland for life, under the uſual certification.

To-day the Court proceeded to the trial of JAMES M'CONACHIE, reſiding in Middle Belandy, accuſed of aſſaulting and deforcing Officers of the Revenue when about to ſeize an unlicenſed ſtill; and the Jury having returned a verdict finding him guilty, but recommending him to the lenity of the Court, he was ſentenced to two months imprisonment.

The buſineſs of the Court was this evening concluded by diſcuſſing appeals in civil cauſes, and on Monday morning they proceed for Inverneſs.

☞ For ſhipping news, &c, ſee the following page.

PRICES IN EDINBURGH MARKET.

Beef, per lb	5d to 6d	Salmon, per lb.	1s 3d
Mutton,	6d	Potatoes, per peck	8d
Veal,	6d	Eggs, per dozen	6d

EDINBURGH PRICES OF MEAL, April 30.

Lothian Oatmeal, 288 holls. South Country, 12.

Mid Lothian per B.		*South Country per Boll.*		*Prices per Peck.*	
Firſt,	L. 1 1 0	Firſt,	L. 0 19 9	Firſt,	1s 3½d
Second,	1 0 0	Second,	0 0	Second,	1 3
Third,	0 19 6	Third,	0 0	Third,	0 0

KELSO PRICES OF GRAIN, April 26.

Wheat	39s 0d to 45s 0d	Barley	20s 0d to 22s 6d
Peaſe	19s 6d to 22s 0d	Oats	20s 0d to 23s 0d
Per boll of 6 Win. buſhels.		Per boll of 7½ Winc. buſh.	

KELSO BUTCHER MEAT.

Per lib of 17¼ oz Engliſh, or 16 oz Scotch—or ſtone of 17½ libs Engliſh, or 14 Engliſh ſtone.

Beef, per lib	3½d to 5½d	Pork	3 d to 0 d
Mutton	4 d to 5½d	Veal	4 d to 6 d

BERWICK PRICES OF GRAIN, April 27.

Per boll of ſix Wincheſter buſhels.

Wheat	36s 0d to 40s 0d	Barley	20s 0d to 21s 0d
Beans	20s 0d to 21s 0d	Oats	18s 0d to 20s 6d

BERWICK BUTCHER MEAT.

Per lib of 16 oz Engliſh.

Beef	4 d to 5 d	Veal	4½d to 5 d
Mutton,	5 d	Pork, per ſtone	3s 9 d

DUBLIN—April 22.

Monday, the rebel General Roche was brought to Waterford from Wexford, for the purpose of being sent to New Geneva, from thence to be transported.—Roche had the command of the rebel force early in the rebellion, when a party of the North Cork militia was cut off in the county of Wexford.

CORK—April 23.

Yesterday arrived at Cove, his Majesty's ship Melampus, Graham Moore, Esq. Commander. On Thursday fell in with, lat. 50. long. 15. Le Nantois French privateer, of 16 guns and 130 men, which, after a long chase, the Melampus came up with, then blowing a hard gale of wind, when the Frenchman attempted to escape by making sail, to prevent which the Melampus fired a broadside at her; soon after which she broached too and went down. The sea rose so high it was impossible to save any of the crew, notwithstanding every exertion. In a few minutes not a trace of her was to be seen.

The Melampus, two days before, had retaken a schooner, prize to the Nantois, from whom Captain Moore received information of her and the Papillon, which he sent in here a few days ago.

Arrived his Majesty's ship Arab, Captain Capel, convoy for the West Indies.

INCOME ACT.

Whereas doubts have arisen upon the effect of the schedule A, annexed to cap. 13, 39th Geo. III. commonly called the Income Act;—a case was laid before Lord Advocate and Mr Solicitor General, for their opinion, "If one-fourth of the income of the "land-owners, arising from the lands in the occupation of te-"nants at rack-rent, was to be deducted from the gross rent of "said lands?"—upon which case, Lord Advocate and Mr Solicitor, after considering the amended act, cap. 22. 39th Geo. III. which last act expressly repeals all the schedules in the first recited act, were decidedly of opinion, that the income of the landowner shall be taken to be the full amount of the rent payable to him by the tenant, without any deduction of a one-fourth. But from which gross rent, the land-tax, feu-duty, minister's stipend, if payable by the land-owner, per centage on repairs, &c. and the actual expences of collecting the rents, as more particularly mentioned in the schedules annexed to the said last act, *will fall to be deducted.* April 22. 1799.

BALTIC CONVOY.

We are authorised to state, that a Convoy will sail from Leith Roads for the Baltic, about the 16th or 17th current.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

April 29. Leith, M'Fee, from Greenock: Peggy, Buchan, from Fraserburgh: both with goods.

—— 30. Aberdeen and Leith Packet, M'Donald, from Aberdeen: Commercial Packet, Mosley, from London: London and Berwick Packet, Ward, from London: all with goods.

May 1. Hawk, Tod, from Anstruther, goods. Concord Cragie, from Christiansound, goods. Dummore, Scotland from Alloa, spirits. Gilmerton, Leslie, from Dunbar, grain Five sloops with coals.

CLEARED OUT.

James, Liddell, for Newcastle: William and Isabella, Galloway, for Glasgow: Nicholas, Wallace, for Aberdeen, all with goods.—Wind N. E. moderate.

ARRIVED AT STROMNESS.

April 12, 1799.—Justinia, Murray, of and for New York, from Bremin, ballast—Nymph Davidson, of and from Peterhead, for the Lewis, meal——14.—Union, Bird, of Whitehaven, from Liverpool for Riga, salt—Amphitrite, Herris, of Newcastle, from do. for do. do.——15.—Latona, Jamson, of and from Aberdeen, for Greenland, whale fishing—Hercules, Gibbons, of and from do. for do.—Satisfaction, Pearson, of Scarborough, from Liverpool for Libau, salt—Hamilton, Wylie, of and from Saltcoats, for Memel, ballast—Dalaville, Mairns, of and from Hull, from Liverpool, salt.

LONDON—ENTERED INWARDS.

April 26. Boness, Polly, Honeyman.—Montrose, Earl of Northesk, Taylor.—Friendship, Spinks.—and Bon Adventure, Paterson.—Aberdeen, Elgin Scar, Raffan.—Berwick, William and Thomas, White.—Venture, Steel.—and Industry, Forster

CLEARED OUTWARDS.

Berwick and Leith, Raven, Stafford.—and Ceres, Laws.—Perth, Athol, Laing.—and Eliza, Wilson.—Aberdeen, Nancy, Steward, Two Sisters, M'Donald.—and Swift, Strachan.

SEQUESTRATIONS, &c.

Creditors of William Robertson, late Goldsmith and Jeweller in Edinburgh, to see states of his affairs with the trustee, or A. Kidd, writer, till the 3d June, at twelve o'clock, when they will meet in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, to receive their third dividend.

—— John Milne, sen. Merchant in Montrose, to meet in John Tweedale's, vintner there, on the 15th May, at noon, to give instructions to the trustee.—No dividend

—— James Patrick, Farmer, &c. at Quinzieburn, near Kilsyth, to see states of his affairs with William Aitchison, writer in Glasgow, the trustee.—No dividend.

Examination of William Grierson, Grocery Merchant, &c. in Gilmerton, on the 13th and 27th May, at two P. M. in the Sheriff Clerk's Office, Edinburgh.—Creditors to meet in John's Coffeehouse on the 28th May, at one P. M. to give instructions to the trustee.

TO THE CREDITORS OF

WILLIAM M'KENZIE, Jeweller in Edinburgh.

THESE CREDITORS are requested to meet within John's Coffeehouse, upon Saturday next the 4th day of May, at 12 o'clock mid-day, upon business of importance.

To the Creditors *of*

Mess. ANDREW ST CLAIR, & CO. late Merchants in Edinburgh.

THE Creditors of Mess. ANDREW ST CLAIR & CO. will receive a Fourth Dividend upon their debts, by applying to James Gibson, W. S. any day after Thursday next.

Edinburgh, April 27, 1799.

FARMS TO LET IN EAST LOTHIAN.

To be Let, for such number of years as may be agreed on,

THE FARMS of PLEWLANDHILL and BOUGHTKNOW, and PARKS of JANET'S BUSH, parts of the Estate of LEASTON, parish of Humbie, and county of Haddington.

Entry may be had to Janet's Bush at Whitsunday first, and to the two farms at Martinmas next.

The lands are in good condition and near to lime and market.

Plewlandhill consists of about 220, and Boughtknow and Janet's Bush about 250 Scotch acres.

John Allan at Leaston will shew the farms—and for particulars apply to George Grant, Esq. the proprietor, Clarges Street, Piccadilly, London; or to Alexander Grant, writer to the signet, Edinburgh.

AN EXTENSIVE FARM IN AUCHTERLESS

TO BE SET.

There is to be Set in Tack, for Nineteen Years, or such further term as can be agreed upon, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THE FARM of UPPER SEGGAT, and that part of NETHER SEGGAT thereto annexed, presently occupied by Capt. Alexander Farquharson, or his trustees, lying in the parish of Auchterless, and county of Aberdeen.

This farm is computed to contain nearly 900 acres, of which it is supposed about 340 are arable, and of excellent soil. There is on the farm a good dwelling-house of two storyes, and a most substantial and commodious set of offices.

It has moss adjoining to the farm, and the tenant is free of all mill-dues for what grain he sells ungrinded, and is liable for very moderate mill-dues only for what he grinds.

Allowance will be given for inclosing; and an improving tenant will meet with all other suitable encouragement.

The present post road from Aberdeen to Banff runs through the farm; and any turnpike road from the one of these places to the other, to be made out, will probably do so too.

Proposals in writing, for a lease of this farm, may be lodged with Mr William Shepherd, joint treasurer of Robert Gordon's hospital in Aberdeen, or David and Robert Morice, advocates in Aberdeen, within three weeks from this date.

Aberdeen, 22d April, 1799

A COUNTRY HOUSE NEAR MOFFAT,

WITH FURNITURE.

To be LET, for one year after Whitsunday next,

THE HOUSE of CRAIGIEBURN, with the offices, garden, and orchard. The house consists of an excellent parlour, a small parlour, four bed-rooms, two bed-closets, a kitchen, cellars, and other conveniencies. The house is not completely furnished; but the furniture in it will be let along with it, consisting of dining-room tables, chairs, &c. good beds and bedding, and some other furniture in each bed-room, with grates, and sundry articles of cupboard and kitchen furniture. The offices, which were finished within these few years, are in complete repair, and contain two stables, a coach-house, with servants room and hay-lofts above, a large byre, and other accommodations.

Craigieburn is situated little more than two miles from the town of Moffat, in Dumfries-shire, within a convenient distance from the mineral wells, and goat-whey may be had in the neighbourhood. The situation is healthful and romantic, and supplied with abundance of spring water. A rivulet forming cascades passes behind the house, and winds along the side of the orchard and garden, the banks of which are covered with old trees, and laid out in walks.

There are extensive and thriving young woods and plantations in the neighbourhood of the house, which are intersected by the public road from Moffat. The situation is favourable for the amusements of fishing, shooting, and coursing. A more pleasant country residence is seldom to be found.

There will be let along with the house, if the tenant inclines Three Parks contiguous to it, for pasture only. These parks, with the Garden and Orchard, measure altogether about 25½ Scots acres.

For further particulars application may be made to the Rev. Mr Brown at Moffat, or to Messrs Campbell and M'Whinnie, North Hanover Street, Edinburgh.

The Wood-forrester at Craigieburn will shew the premisses.

By Adjournment.

SALE OF ENRICK PRINTFIELD.

On Wednesday the 19th June, 1799, within the Auction Room of William Mudie, between the hours of two and three afternoon, entry at Martinmas 1799, will be Sold,

ENRICK PRINTFIELD, consisting of above thirty acres of ground, with all the Buildings and Erections thereon, being the completest and best adapted for the Printing Business in Scotland, or perhaps any where. Its situation is pleasant, commanding a full stream of the softest and purest water, and in the immediate neighbourhood of a populous village, where servants of all descriptions may be procured on the easiest terms. The Field is at present occupied, and in full employment. The purchaser may, on a valuation, have utensils for immediately continuing the business; and if he inclines, can be accommodated with the lease of some neighbouring fields, on easy terms.

Apply to Benjamin Mathie, writer, or Charles Campbell, merchant, with whom plans of the Field and Buildings lie, and who are empowered to conclude a private bargain.

Glasgow, April 26, 1799.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, on Monday the 10th of June next, between the hours of two and four,

THE LANDS of ETTRICK-HOUSE or ETTRICK-HALL, lying within the parish of Ettrick, and shire of Selkirk, consisting of a large tract of healthy hill pasture, and about a hundred acres of good arable ground and meadow, lying along the banks of the river, which may be summer watered at a small expence. There is an inexhaustable slate rock, which has been examined, and reported to be of a remarkable good quality. The lands hold of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification. The public burdens are trifling. The tacks expire at Whitsunday 1803.

For particulars apply to Mess. Robertsons, General Register-house.

LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE FOR SALE.

To be Sold,

THE LANDS of KIRKLANDS of RATTRAY, the property of Patrick Blair, Glazier in Perth, consisting of about 36 acres very rich and fertile land, lying in the immediate neighbourhood of the thriving village of Rattray, with the Houses and Yards thereto belonging, situated within the village.

William Ramsay, one of the tenants, will show the lands; and intending purchasers may be informed of farther particulars by applying to Charles Husband, writer in Perth, in whose hands are the title-deeds, and a plan of the property.

If not previously sold by private bargain, the property will be exposed by public roup, within the house of Thomas Wakefield, vintner in Perth, on Friday 24th May 1799, at three o'clock afternoon.

SALE OF LANDS IN ARGYLESHIRE,

By Adjournment—Upset price reduced.

By authority of the Court of Session, there will be exposed to Sale by public roup, within the Parliament House of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 19th day of June 1799, between the hours of five and six in the afternoon,

THE Remaining Part of the ESTATE which belonged to the deceased Archibald Macdonald of Sanda, Esq. advocate, being the LANDS of DRUMORENABADOCH, lying in the District of Kintyre, and Shire of Argyle, the proven gross rent of which is 65l. Sterling, and after deducting 5l. 14s. 3d 4-12ths Sterling as a proportion of the public burdens payable out of the whole of Mr Macdonald's estate there remains 59l. 5s. 8d. 8-12ths Sterling of free rent, which is to be exposed at the reduced upset price of 1660l. 0s. 2d. 8-12ths Sterling, being only 25 years purchase of said free rent.

Intended purchasers are referred to the printed abstract of the proven rental, copies of which are to be had from William Macdonald, writer to the signet, Prince's Street, Edinburgh; to whom, or to Mr Duncan Campbell, sheriff-substitute at Campbelton, or Mr Jeffrey, depute clerk of Session, application may be made for further particulars.

SALE OF THE ESTATE OF WEST THORN.

There will be exposed to Sale, by public roup, upon Wednesday the 22d May curt. in the Tontine, Glasgow, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE ESTATE of WEST THORN, beautifully situated upon the river Clyde, in the parish of Barony, and county of Lanark, lying about two miles from the city of Glasgow, and supposed to be full of coal. The upset price 18,000l. Ster.

Should the sale of this estate *in cumulo* not take place upon the 22d May, some parts thereof, on the Thorn Farm for Villas, will, at the same time and place, be offered to public sale, in lots of from 10 to 20 acres.

For farther particulars apply to Mr Dennistoun, of Colgrain, Queen Street, Glasgow; Mr Wardrop, of Dalmarnock; or Mr John Wilson, one of the Town Clerks of Glasgow, who will show the title deeds—John Mair at Westthorn, will show the estate.

ESTATE IN CLACKMANANSHIRE.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 18th June next, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of SHAW PARK, SAUCHIE, and SHEARDALE, lying in the parishes of Clackmanan, Tillicoultry, and Dollar.

The house of Shaw Park is elegant and well built, fit for the immediate reception of a large family, with suitable offices of all sorts, kitchen garden, walled and planted with all sorts of fruit trees. The pleasure ground, which has been laid out at great expence, lies in the centre of an extensive domain, richly diversified with wood and water, hill and dale, and subdivided for the purpose of pasture and hay.

The estate consists of nearly 1800 Scots acres, of which about 300 acres are covered with valuable and extensive woods, of all ages and sorts, among which is a quantity of full grown timber, fit for cutting. The estate is almost wholly inclosed and subdivided with excellent hedges and hedge rows.

The present yearly rent is 1095l. 13s. 5½d. but as a considerable part of this rent is drawn from inclosures, let from year to year for pasture, and as many of the leases are near expiring, a great raise may be depended on.

There is upon the estate an almost unexhaustable field of coal within two miles of the port of Alloa, long celebrated, and an established favourite in all the markets, and now at work to great advantage. An extensive Iron-work has likewise lately been established on the premises.

The estate affords five Freehold Qualifications in the county, and is upon the whole, one of the most complete and desirable purchases that has been offered to the public.

For further particulars please apply to Thomas Smith, writer Argyle Square, Edinburgh.

A considerable part of the price may remain in the purchaser's hands.

A FARM IN THE COUNTY OF ANGUS.

To Let for 19 years, from Martinmas 1799,

THE FARM of LEDCRIEFF, in the parish of Lundie, as presently possessed by James Smith, containing about 336 acres, of which about 180 acres are arable and improveable ground. The Farm lies about three miles from Cupar of Angus, on the turnpike road to Dundee, where lime is easily procured, and is within five miles of marle pits.

Offers in writing may be given in betwixt and the 15th of May, to Hugh Bremner, accomplant in Edinburgh, or to Mr Charles Hay of Beachhill, writer in Cupar of Angus, who will shew a plan of the Farm.

IRON WORKS, &c. FOR SALE.

THE IRON WORKS on the River Devon, within three English miles of the Port of Alloa, on the Frith of Forth, and about thirty miles distant from Edinburgh, are to be Sold by public roup on Wednesday 15th May 1799, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, between the hours of five and seven afternoon.

These Works consist of

Two Blast Furnaces of the largest dimensions, with a complete Fire Engine, and Blowing Apparatus, in the best order; a large Smithy and Wright's Shop, and a number of Houses for workmen.

A Feu of Land of about Thirty Scotch Acres, on which these Works are situated, within the estate of Sauchy and county of Clackmannan.

A Lease of the Colliery and Iron-stone in that estate for sixty years from Whitsunday 1793.

A Lease, for the same period, of an extensive Farm of good and. Also,

A Lease of the level-free Coal and Iron-stone in the adjacent estate of Tillycultry, with several other leases of Iron-stone in that neighbourhood and elsewhere.

Devon is reckoned one of the first situations in Britain for iron Works, and the excellent quality of the coal (for the manufacture of iron,) and also the quality of the iron-stone of Sauchie have long been established.

The two principal seams of coal are, one of five and one of nine feet thick, besides which there are several thiner seams; but the two first are of such extent that a hundred colliers constantly employed could not exhaust them during the lease, and the port of Alloa furnishes a steady market and good price for any quantity that might be raised, over supplying the furnaces.

The river Devon is capable, in the dryest season, to work machinery to blow four or five furnaces, and could, at a moderate expence, be brought down to the works with a fall of between 40 and 50 feet.

N. B.—The live and dead stock, utensils and materials, &c. to be taken off by the purchaser of the Works at an appraisement.

For particulars apply to Charles Addison at Borrowstounness; John Tait, jun. writer to the signet, Edinburgh; or Henry Smith, Esq. Drapers Hall, London.

Mr Addison, Mr Tait, or Mr Smith will receive proposals from persons desirous to treat by private bargain previous to the day of sale.

Mr James Scot, residing at Sauchie, near Alloa, will shew the works, &c.

SALE OF LANDS,

In the Parish of Bendochy and Shire of Perth.

MUIRTOUN.

Upset Price Reduced to L. 3800.

To be Sold by public voluntary roup, within the Town Court Room of Dundee, upon Friday the 10th day of May curt. at one o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of NETHER or WESTER MUIRTOUN, lying within the parish of Bendochy and shire of Perth, the property of the late John Haliburton, Esq. Inspector General of the Stamp Duties for Scotland, and consisting of about 216 Scots acres or thereby, whereof about 171 acres are arable, and the rest in planting and pasture grounds.

These lands are pleasantly situated at an equal distance from the thriving villages of Alyth, Cupar of Angus, and Meigle, from each of which it is not above two or three miles. The lands hold of the Crown, and are valued in the cess books at 138l. 6s. 8d. Scots. The proprietor has also a right to the teinds, which are valued.

There is a neat Mansion-house and set of Offices on the Lands, which are in good repair. A considerable rise of rent is expected at the expiry of the leases, of which only five years are to run.

The title deeds, which are clear, will be seen in the hands of Mr James Buchan, clerk to the signet, to whom, or to Mr Thomas Davidson, writer in Dundee, intending purchasers may apply for further particulars, betwixt and the day of sale; and with whom any person so inclined may conclude a private bargain.

Dundee, March 8, 1799.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR.

To be Sold by public roup, within the house of Miss Feldan, vintner in Arbroath, upon Monday the 20th of May 1799, at 4 o'clock afternoon (if not previously disposed of by private bargain),

THE LANDS and ESTATE of LETHAM, with the Meal Mill, Quarry, Feu-duties, and others thereto belonging, lying in the parish of St Vigeans, and within little more than a mile to the northward of the town of Arbroath, where there is a commodious barbour and a good market.

This Estate consists of about 580 acres arable, 62 acres pasture, and 48 acres under planting, exclusive of roads and lands feued. There is some full grown timber upon the estate of considerable value. Those lands are very pleasantly situated, are of a rich soil, and the water of Brothock runs through the middle of them.

The lands hold of the Crown, and afford a Freehold Qualification in the County. The Teinds are valued and exhausted by the stipend payable to the Minister of St Vigeans and Arbroath. The present yearly rent is only 16 bolls bear, 44¼ bolls oat meal, and about 24ol. Sterling in money, (including the feu-duties,) besides some kain fowls; but at the expiry of the leases, a very considerable rise of rent may be expected.—The tenants pay all the ministers stipend without any deduction from their rents, excepting 5¼ bolls wheat; the other annual burdens are but trifling.

There is on the premisses a convenient substantial Mansion-house, and good offices, with a large Garden, and Pigeon-house, of which and some pasture ground adjoining, the purchaser may get possession at Martinmas 1799.

If these subjects are not soon sold by private bargain, further particulars will be advertised, and if more agreeable to intending purchasers, the lands may be sold in lots.

The title-deeds, which are clear and unquestionable, with the measurement of the estate, rental and leases, may be seen in the hands of John Colvill, town-clerk of Arbroath, who will treat with any person inclining to make a private bargain; and for further information intending offerers may apply to him or Mess. Dundas and Robertson, clerks to the signet.

ARGYLESHIRE.

Upset Price L. 13,500 Sterling.

THE ESTATE of GLENFEOCHAN will be sold by public roup within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 5th day of June 1799, betwixt the hours of two and three afternoon.

This estate is worthy the attention of a gentleman wishing to procure a pleasant and comfortable residence in the Highlands of Scotland, as few, if any, are to be met with possessed of equal advantages both natural and acquired. It is pleasantly situated on Lochfeochan, an arm of the sea near to the port of Oban, in the beautiful country of Lorne. The soil is excellent, and the farms in general extensive.

The mansion-house is neat, and fit for the accommodation of a genteel family.

The court of offices is newly built, and in very complete order. There is an excellent garden and orchard, stocked with choice fruit trees, and the garden wall, gardener's house, &c. in good order.

The woods and plantations are very extensive, containing a variety of trees, and are valued by a wood valuator at the sum of 2280l. 9s. 3d. Sterling.

The water of Feochan affords abundance of trout, and there is a salmon fishing, and the greatest variety of sea fish. The muirs are the best in the country for game.

The free rent of this estate is about 450l. Sterling, the particulars of which, with a plan, measurement, and schemad rent of the lands, and valuation of the woods, with the title-deeds and leases, can be seen by applying to Mr Keith accomptant, or Mr Ferriers W. S. Edinburgh, either of whom will give every other information desired, and will receive private offers betwixt and the day of sale.

SALE OF A VALUABLE LEASE.

By authority of the Lords of Council and Session, there will be Sold by public roup, within the house of Mrs Wallace, vintner in Turriff, on Thursday the 23d day of May 1799, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon,

THE LEASE of the FARM of HAUGHS and MILL of ASHOGLE, as lately occupied by the deceased George Gerrard, jun. of Midstrath, of which there are 23 years to run from Whitsunday next.

The farm lies in the parish of Turriff and county of Aberdeen, eight English miles from the towns of Banff and M'Duff; it consists of nearly 400 acres, the greater part of which is laid down in grass; and the whole of the lands are in the highest state of cultivation, and the soil remarkably early. There is an excellent steading of houses on the farm, and the Mansion-house is fit for the accommodation of a genteel family. There is also a threshing mill on the premisses, with the command of an excellent stream of water. The upset price, as fixed by the Lords of Session, upon a proof taken of the value of the subject, is 1963l. 2s. 9d. Sterling; and the purchaser, on terms of the lease, will be entitled to the full value of the buildings on the farm from the proprietor at the expiry thereof.

Intending purchasers may apply for particulars, to Mr Alexander Beatson, writer to the signet, Edinburgh; Mr Alexander Shand, advocate in Aberdeen; or Mr Archibald Young, writer, Banff.

By Adjournment,

And Upset Price further reduced, which shall be mentioned in a future advertisement,

THE LANDS OF RUSCOE AND OTHERS,

In the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

To be Sold by public roup within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday 3d of July next, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE FOLLOWING LANDS, in two Lots, viz.

Lot I. The Lands and Barony of RUSCOE, lying in the parishes of Anwoth and Girthon, ten miles from Kirkcudbright, and two miles from the thriving village of Gatehouse, in the bay of Fleet, where there is a weekly market and a commodious sea port.

This estate is divided into seven farms, all which contain both arable and pasture ground, and the arable land in each is properly inclosed with stone dykes or hedge and ditch. The farm houses have suitable offices, and both are in good repair.

The yearly gross rent has lately encreased to 525l. and the lease of one of the farms let at 50l. expires next year, and that of another yielding 172l. expires in 1803, a very considerable rise may be expected. There is some old wood on the lands, and a considerable extent of thriving natural wood and planting.

The proprietor has right to the teinds of the whole lands (except one farm) and they were all valued in 1735.

The lands hold of the Crown, and stand in the cess books at 527l. 10s. Scots.

Lot II. The Lands of SCROGGIEHILL and MIDTOWN, lying in the parish of Buittle, about two miles from the market town of Castle Douglas, and the like distance from several shipping ports on the water of Urr; and within two miles of good marle.

This farm is all arable, and inclosed with stone dykes, ditch and hedge. The farm-house is substantial, and covered with slate, and has a most complete set of offices and sheds for cattle, also slated, all built within these few years.

The gross rent of this farm is 180l. and at the expiry of the present lease, of which 13 years are to run from Whitsunday next, a great rise will take place. These lands also hold of the Crown.

The tenants will shew the lands, and Charles Steuart, W. S. will shew a plan, the titles and rental of the estate, and in form as to other particulars.

LANDS IN AYRSHIRE.

DAY OF SALE ALTERED.

To be Sold, by public voluntary roup, within the house of John Wilson, vintner in Beith, upon Monday the 13th May 1799, (in place of the 10th May as formerly advertised,) at one o'clock afternoon,

I. THE Four Mark Land of old extent of BROWNMUIR, with the Mill of BEITH, and Astricted Multures thereof, lying within the parish of Beith, and sheriffdom of Ayr. These lands consist nearly of 200 acres, Scots measure, are possessed by one tenant, under an old lease, in which there is a breach in favour of the Landlord, about three years hence, when a very great rise of rent may be depended upon. Ward-hold of the Crown.

II. The following lots or parcels of the Two Merk Land of old extent of MAINS of BEITH, viz.

Lands under Lease

1. These Inclosures presently possessed by John Craig, consisting in whole of upwards of 15 acres, of Scots measure.

Lands set in Pasture till Martinmas next.

2. Four SMALL INCLOSURES, lying on the south side of the road leading from Beith to Kilbirnie, and containing whole nearly eleven acres.

3. FIVE SMALL INCLOSURES, lying on the north side of the road leading from Beith to Kilbirnie, and containing in whole upwards of 13 acres.

These lots of the Mains of Beith will be subdivided into smaller parcels, if found to suit the conveniency of intending offerers.

They are to be sold to hold of a subject superior, for payment of trifling feu-duties, to be doubled at the entry of heirs, and tripled at the entry of singular successors.

The Teinds of both Brownmuir, and the Mains of Beith are valued by an old decreet in 1635.

The title-deeds, rentals, and plans and measurements of the lands, are in the hands of James Dundas and Hugh Robertson, Clerks to the Signet, to whom application as to a private bargain previous to the day of sale, and for all further particulars, may be made.

Printed rentals and other particulars, may likewise be had by applying to William Dun writer in Beith.

SUPERIORITIES

In the Counties of Perth and Forfar for Sale.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Friday the 17th day of May 1799, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE SUPERIORITY of the following LANDS, lying in the county of Perth.

I.—Part of the Lands of CUPAR-GRANGE, valued in the cess-books of the county at 498l. 5s. 2d. Scots, thereby affording a Freehold Qualification in the county, and held feu for the annual payment of 6l. 14s. 7d. 7-12ths Sterling. The real rent is above 200l. Sterling yearly. The entry of singular successors is not taxed, and a composition will be due on the death of the last entered vassal, who is elderly.

II.—The Lands of MYLNEFIELD, BALBUNNOCH and GEDPIKE, which stand valued in the cess-books at 20s. 3s. 4d. Sterling in whole, and are held feu for payment of two shillings Sterling yearly. The real rent is very considerable, and the entry of singular successors is not taxed.

III.—Two Several Sixteenth Parts of the Lands of BALBROGIE, each valued in the cess-books at about 3l. Scots. They are held feu for elusory duties, but the entry of singular successors is untaxed, and both the present proprietors are singular successors and untaxed.

The SUPERIORITY of the following LANDS in the county of Forfar:

IV.—The Lands of BALLINSHOE, WOODHEAD, and BARNSDALE FAULDS, retoured to a Fifty Shilling Land of old extent, and thereby affording a Freehold Qualification in the county.—These lands stand valued in the cess-books at 333l. Scots.

	Valued Rent.
Over and Nether Bowhouses -	L. 166 13 4
Easter and Wester Sandieford -	80 0 0
The Feu-duty payable out of these two parcels	20 8 8
	L. 267 2 0

All the above lands belong to one vassal, and are held feu of payment of duties amounting in whole to 5l. 11s. 4d. 8-12ths Sterling. The real rent is upwards of 700l. Sterling. The entry of a singular successor is not taxed, and the lands are presently under sale, so a composition may possibly become soon exigible.

V.—The Lands of CRAICHIE and CRAICHIE MILL, valued in the cess-books of the county at 223l. 5s. 7d. Scots, and which are held feu for payment of 2l. 15s. 6d. 8-12ths Sterling. The real rent is above 120l. Sterling, and the entry of singular successors is not taxed.

The purchasers of all these superiorities will have the benefit of open charters.

For further particulars application may be made to Mess. Dundas and Robertson, clerks to the signet.

☞ The Superiority of Burniehill of Balbrogie, formerly advertised, is now sold.